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INTERNATIONAL

Herald Tribune

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TODAY'S WEATHER—PARIS: Partly cloudy, 54-61 (59). Tomorrow: Little change. Yesterday's temp: 54-61 (59-60). LONDON: Partly cloudy, 54-61 (59-60). Tomorrow: Little change. Yesterday's temp: 54-61 (59-60). NEW YORK: Partly cloudy, 54-61 (59-60). Tomorrow: Little change. Yesterday's temp: 54-61 (59-60). ADDITIONAL WEATHER—PAGE 7

Austria	..... 8 3/4	Luxembourg	..... 90 P.
Belgium	..... 12 1/2	Madrid	..... 120 P.
Denmark	..... 2 0/10	Moscow	..... 120 P.
France	..... 1 1/2	Netherlands	..... 1 P.
Germany	..... 1 1/2	Portugal	..... 3 P.
Greece	..... 1 1/2	Spain	..... 1 P.
Great Britain	..... 1 1/2	Sweden	..... 1 P.
India	..... 1 1/2	Switzerland	..... 1 P.
Iran	..... 1 1/2	Turkey	..... 1 P.
Italy	..... 1 1/2	U.S. Military	..... 1 P.
Japan	..... 1 1/2	Yugoslavia	..... 1 P.

No. 27,767 * * * PARIS, SATURDAY-SUNDAY, APRIL 22-23, 1972 Established 1837

New B-52 Raid Stops 80 Miles South of Hanoi

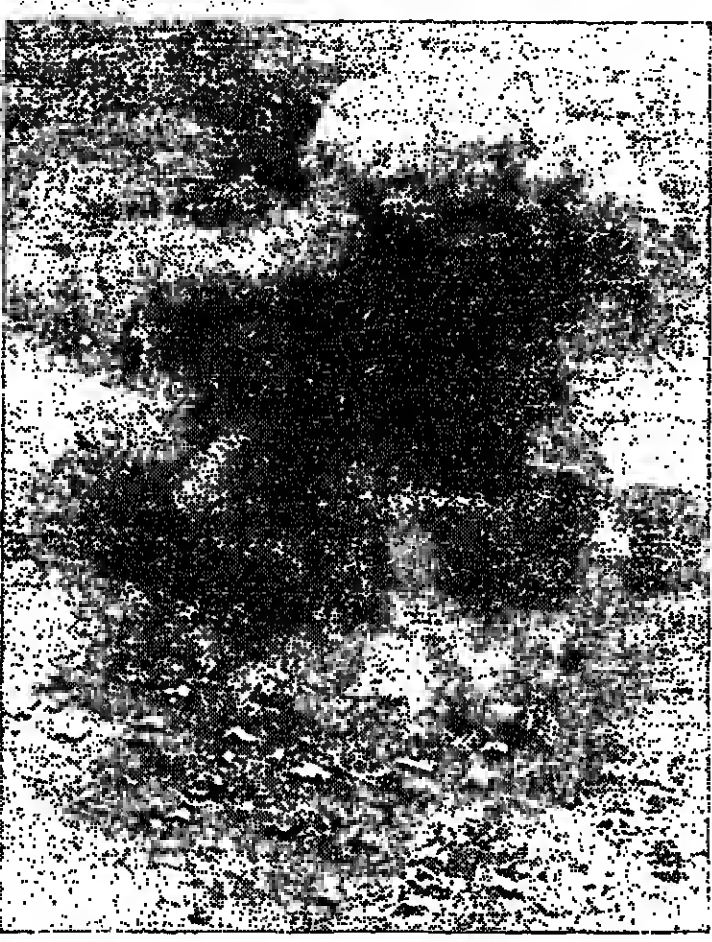
SAIGON, April 21.—U.S. planes, including B-52 bombers, attacked supply depots, transportation facilities and air defenses within 80 miles of Hanoi today, the U.S. command reported. The raids were the farthest north since last Sunday's bombing of Hanoi and Haiphong. The U.S. command said that an Air Force F-4 jet had been shot down, but that the two crewmen had bailed out and been rescued from the sea by a Navy helicopter. The command said the strikes by the B-52 bombers, each carrying up to 30 tons of bombs, had been near the coastal city of Thanh Hoa, just below the 20th Parallel, roughly 215 miles north of the Demilitarized Zone. The command also said that U.S. destroyers sank a North Vietnamese patrol craft and traded fire with another in the Tonkin Gulf late yesterday. The clashes were the fifth and sixth of the week in the gulf, and a U.S. military source said sea battles off North Vietnam probably would continue. "It appears that our fire is effective and it is hurting them," he said, "and they are in the position of having to react." Targets of the U.S. cruisers and destroyers shelling the coast include railroads and logistic installations as far north as Vinh, 145 miles above the DMZ. In one clash, the destroyer Lloyd Thomas recorded a radar contact that was "determined to be hostile" and opened fire, destroying the contact, Seventh Fleet spokesman said.

12 Hanoi Units Named by U.S. As Invaders

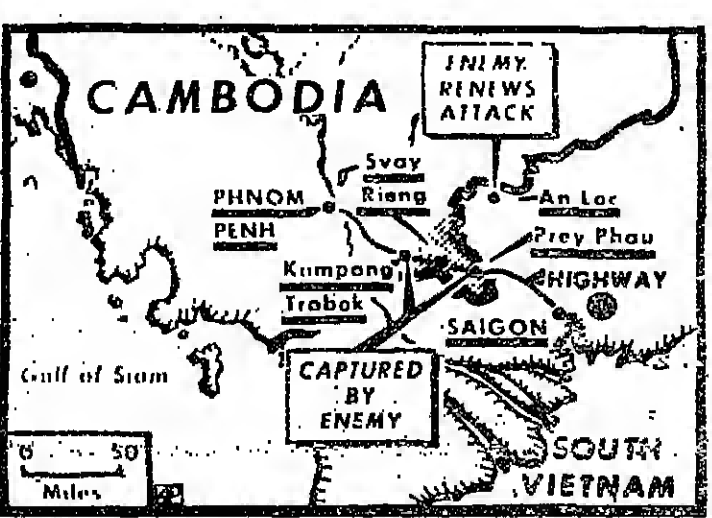
PARIS, April 21 (AP).—The American delegation to the Vietnam peace talks today issued what it said was the first complete list of North Vietnamese or North Vietnamese-dominated army divisions that it said were operating in South Vietnam, Laos and Cambodia. The list issued was in reply to Communist statements that the fighting on their side is being conducted by "nationalist" forces in the three countries. The American statement said that there are 13 regular North Vietnamese divisions and two so-called Viet Cong divisions that are predominantly North Vietnamese. Twelve of these divisions are outside North Vietnam, the statement said. These details were given: The 308th, 304th and 304-B North Vietnamese Divisions are in the northern First Corps area of South Vietnam. The 2d, 3d and 320th North Vietnamese Divisions are in or near the Second Corps area, to the south. In Border Area Four mainly North Vietnamese divisions are in the Cambodian-South Vietnamese border area. They are the 1st, 5th, 7th and 14th Divisions. The 312th and 316th North Vietnamese Divisions are in Laos. The 325th North Vietnamese Division is still in North Vietnam, but has moved into the southern panhandle, where it, too, is in position to invade South Vietnam. There are two other "training divisions" still in North Vietnam. The U.S. statement added: "The North Vietnamese-Viet Cong side at the Paris talks would have the public believe that these formations are waging war in South Vietnam, Laos and Cambodia for the purpose of helping the people of those countries determine their own future."

Moscow Downgrades Status Of Nixon Trip to Summit Visit

MOSCOW, April 21 (AP).—In apparent reprisal for the resumption of large-scale American bombing of North Vietnam, the Soviet Union has downgraded the status of President Nixon's scheduled visit here next month, Communist sources reported today. Instructions have been issued to the information and propaganda organs of the Communist world to refer henceforth to the visit as a "summit" and not as a "state visit," the sources said. Diplomats from countries friendly to the Soviet Union were surprised at the news. They said that up until very recently, senior Soviet officials had been telling them that Mr. Nixon's May 22-29 trip to Russia would be a state visit. The difference between a state visit and a summit meeting is more than a fine distinction in diplomatic protocol. Cooperation Indicated With all its ceremony, a state visit symbolizes a movement together of two nations, in this case the world's two greatest powers. It suggests an advanced degree of cooperation between the two states, or at least establishment of the basis for future cooperation. Unlike the state visit, one



BESIEGED CITY—U.S. aerial bomb exploding on outskirts of An Loc on Friday, 60 miles north of Saigon. Half the city has been leveled by recent heavy fighting.



CONTINUING ATTACKS—North Vietnamese troops and tanks struck again at An Loc, 60 miles north of Saigon, Thursday. Elsewhere, enemy troops seized Prey Phau and Kompong Trabek in Cambodia. It is thought their aim is to seize all of Svay Rieng Province (shaded area).

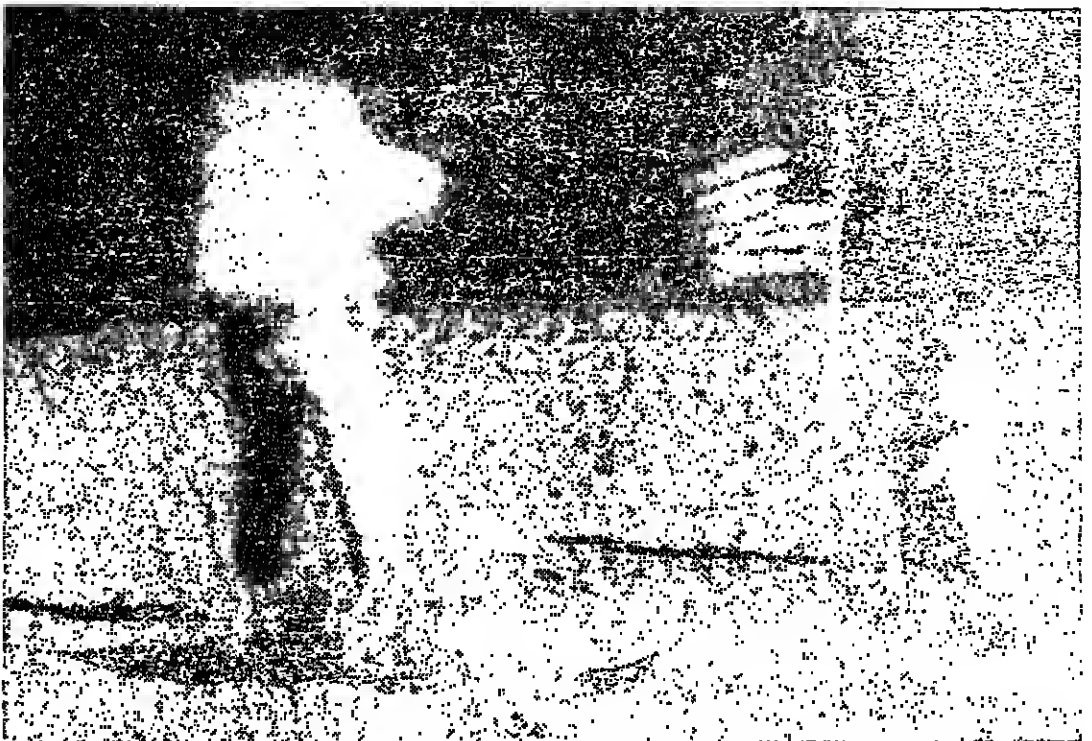
Johnson Aides Protest '68 Bombing 'Understanding' Seems Widened Under Nixon

WASHINGTON, April 21 (NYT).—The outcry over the bombing raids against Hanoi and Haiphong has made it clear that the Nixon administration's interpretation of the 1968 "understanding" between the United States and North Vietnam differs from that of Johnson administration officials who negotiated the arrangement as the basis for halting the bombing. The running controversy as to what the so-called understanding was about and whether it even exists was renewed Tuesday by Secretary of Defense Melvin R. Laird in testimony before the Senate Foreign Relations Committee. He justified the renewed bombing of Hanoi and the attack on Haiphong largely on the ground that North Vietnam had committed a "flagrant, massive violation" of the 1968 understanding when it attacked across the Demilitarized Zone toward the cities of Quang Tri and Hue early this month. In debate on the Senate floor Wednesday, defenders of the administration cited the same justification. Critics of the administration's actions argue that the understanding no longer has any real meaning and that the administration uses it as a convenient way to justify raids on the North in pursuit of Vietnamization—the policy of preserving an anti-Communist government in Saigon by building an army capable of holding its own against the North Vietnamese and the Viet Cong. Written Record Secret The controversy remains beyond independent resolution because the written record of the understanding, negotiated in Paris in 1968, is classified as secret and lies in the files of the government and the Foreign Relations Committee. The two senior negotiators for the Johnson administration, W. Averell Harriman and Cyrus R. Vance, said in telephone interviews that they did not possess copies of the record, which apparently consists of a negotiations report called to Washington. The Nixon administration said

2 Apollo Astronauts on Moon, Mission Is Shortened by 1 Day

Touchdown Close to Target Site

SPACE CENTER, Houston, April 21.—Astronauts James W. Young and Charles M. Duke walked on the moon today to become the ninth and 10th men to walk the lunar surface. Capt. Young and Lt. Col. Duke were awakened today with the news that they would be able to make three moon surface excursions despite their delay in landing. But their schedule was changed and their blastoff from the moon delayed by more than 15 hours. Apollo-16 will rocket out of lunar orbit Monday, instead of Tuesday and splash down in the Pacific, Thursday, April 27, a day early. The astronauts set out on their first seven-hour lunar excursion some 14 hours after touching down. After their return, they began a nine-hour rest before embarking on their second lunar excursion. "Yahoo," Col. Duke exclaimed just after they began their moonwalk. "This is so great I can hardly believe it. We are proud to be Americans on an experience like this. It's absolutely beautiful." "Here you are, mysterious and unknown Descartes, highland plains," said the mission commander, Capt. Young, when he stepped onto moon soil. "Apollo-16 is going to change your mind."



MOON JUMP—Apollo-16 astronaut John Young (left) makes jumping salute to American flag Friday, scattering some moon dust. Fellow astronaut Charles Duke at right.

No Decision Made Yet GOP Denies Convention Shift to Florida

WASHINGTON, April 21 (AP).—Richard L. Herman, vice-chairman of the Republican arrangements committee, said today that "no decision has been made to move the Republican National Convention to Miami Beach." The statement by Mr. Herman, who was in Miami Beach today, was released by Republican headquarters in Washington. It followed publication of a story in The New York Times quoting Miami Beach officials as saying that the Republican party had decided to move the convention from San Diego to Miami Beach. Mr. Herman's statement said: "No decision has been made to move the Republican National Convention to Miami Beach. I have been meeting with Miami Beach officials to determine what arrangements that city could make if our problems in San Diego cannot be solved. I'm actively seeking alternatives for discussion and evaluation with chairman Dole (Sen. Robert Dole, of Kansas, the GOP national chairman). I hope to report to him no later than the first of the week."

Gunmen Murder Taxi Driver As Attacks Mount in Ulster

BELFAST, April 21 (UPI).—Gunmen killed a teenage Belfast taxi driver today in what British security officials called the third Irish Republican Army assassination in three days. Two other teenagers were wounded. Security officials said that the continuing shooting and bombings, the killing of a Belfast IRA leader by British troops and Roman Catholic reaction to the British government report on "Bloody Sunday" in Londonderry were serious setbacks to the campaign to win Catholics away from the IRA. Two gunmen shot taxi driver Gerald Donnelly, 18, and shoved him from his cab in the Protestant Shankill Road area after asking to be driven to the Catholic Ardoyne District. Security officials said Mr. Donnelly, a Catholic, died after staggering to a house for help. Later, gunmen shot and wounded two youths, aged 17 and 18, as they left the Little Venice Cafe in the Ardoyne. Security officials said that the killing and the shooting appeared to be the work of IRA assassination squads. Reuters reported from Londonderry tonight that a gun battle raged there for more than an hour between IRA guerrillas and British troops. Two of the gunmen reportedly were hit. Fifteen or six gunmen opened fire on army posts near Londonderry's Catholic Bogside District. The soldiers returned the fire. Shortly afterward, there was a 20-minute battle in the city's Rosemount area. The British Army also claimed today that a sniper was hit during a gun duel in the Ardoyne. A bomb shattered an electrical

British Rail Workers Ignore Court Call to Stop Slowdown

LONDON, April 21 (Reuters).—British train services were still snarled today with many railroad workers refusing to end their slowdown as ordered by a court. Union chiefs sent out a circular saying that the court order should be obeyed. But at London's main stations this morning trains were scarce. Since last Monday, the workers had been delaying services by handing overtime and sticking to the rule book. Then, last night, the three unions agreed to an order by Britain's newly created Industrial Relations Court to resume normal working for a 14-day cooling-off period. Although bowing to the law as defined in the recently passed Industrial Relations Act, the unions' orders to their men were tinged with resentment. A paragraph of the order said: "This union does not accept that any court order can force our members to disregard the British Railways Board rules for the breaking of which so many have been severely disciplined and also for reasons of general safety." Judging by results today, many union members concurred with this view. Workers were reported to be carefully reading their daily operating instructions instead of quickly glancing at them as they usually do. Examinations of safety equipment were just as protracted and in some cases drivers were invoking a defect rule to insist on having a second man in their cabs. Management said that even if all workers ended their slowdown at once, it would be after the weekend before normal operations could be restored. Meanwhile, a manning dispute at the Ford Motor Co. east London plant has resulted in a complete halt in production and is costing the company £1 million a day. Trouble developed Wednesday when management took two men off a production line, saying that it was overmanned. Eighty workers employed on the line said that they were stopping work until the two men were reinstated. No cars have been finished since Wednesday. The plant normally produces 1,400 vehicles a day.

Eban Satisfied by Mideast Developments

WASHINGTON, April 21 (Reuters).—Israeli Foreign Minister Abba Eban expressed satisfaction today with developments in the Middle East over the last six months. Commenting on diplomatic contacts outside the area, Mr. Eban said Israel did not know what to expect from the forthcoming talks Premier Golda Meir will have in Romania with President Nicolae Ceausescu. Asked if the Romanians had offered to mediate the Arab-Israeli dispute, Mr. Eban replied: "That is not a word they have ever used." Noting that Romania had contacts with both his government and the Arab nations, Mr. Eban said the Romanians have been able in the past to convey correct impressions of what each side in the Middle East dispute was thinking. "All that has happened," Mr. Eban added, "is that they have invited (Mrs. Meir) for an official visit." The Romanian invitation did not indicate, he said, that the Soviet Union necessarily had changed its support of the Arab position. On the other hand, he said, this Soviet stance had not reached the point where the Russians were working against the cease-fire.

250,000 Vietnamese Driven From Homes by the Offensive

By Joseph B. Treaster

SAIGON, April 21 (NYT).—The fighting in South Vietnam in the last three weeks has driven more than 250,000 persons from their homes, American and South Vietnamese officials said yesterday.

At least 500 civilians have been killed and 1,000 wounded, a high-ranking South Vietnamese official said.

With fighting continuing on several fronts, more people are fleeing their homes every day and more are being wounded and killed.

Field reports concerning civilian losses have been slow in reaching Saigon. "Because of the current military situation," one American said, "the location and needs of many individuals are unknown, statistics (are) unconfirmed and information on what actually occurred is often sketchy and contradictory."

Not since the Tet offensive of 1968 have so many civilians been displaced, wounded or killed.

Most From Quang Tri

The greatest number of refugees—150,000—have come from Quang Tri, the long-battered northernmost province abutting the Demilitarized Zone, the province where the North Vietnamese began their offensive with heavy shelling on March 30.

An estimated 90,000 are now living in churches, pagodas and schools in Hue, the capital of Thua Thien, the province south of Quang Tri.

On Wednesday, American and South Vietnamese aid officials began airlifting about 2,000 Red Hill tribesmen from refugee camps in Hue to new home sites on the

central plateau east of the highland capital of Ban Me Thuot. The government has promised to give each family of tribesmen several acres of land and some money to help them build new homes. For the time being the Bru are being put up in army tents and being supplied with food and water.

Phao Quang Dan, who is directing government aid to the latest war victims, said that in all about 10,000 refugees in Hue have accepted a government offer of resettlement farther south in the country under roughly the same conditions as the Bru.

Hope to Return

Most of the other refugees in Hue and elsewhere in the country hope to return eventually to the homes they left under fire as soon as it is safe. Some people have already discovered that the war has burned past their old communities and they have started trickling back home. But experienced aid workers say that it will be as long as six months before many of the refugees start heading back.

While most of the money and much of the administrative effort in the South Vietnamese refugee relief program is coming from the United States—400 tons of food, for example, for the northern provinces alone—the South Vietnamese themselves seem to be doing most of the field work.

Mr. Dan has turned his villa in mid-Saigon into a relief office. Some of the food donated by other countries—23 tons from Britain and six tons from Australia—is piled up on his front lawn, on the porch and in the living room.



RESCUED—Lt. Col. Icaal E. Hambleton waving to his rescuers April 13 near Dong Ha, South Vietnam.

Seven Die During His Rescue; Pilot Calls It 'Hell of a Price'

MANILA, April 21 (AP).—"It was a hell of a price to pay for one life. I'm very sorry."

Lt. Col. Icaal E. Hambleton, downed Air Force navigator, who was dramatically rescued from behind Communist lines last week in the largest effort of its kind in the Vietnam war, reflected today about his rescue, which cost seven lives.

Col. Hambleton, 53, a decorated Korean War veteran, whose EB-66 plane was shot down just below the Demilitarized Zone April 2, spent 11 days hiding from swarms of North Vietnamese troops around him until a Navy-led volunteer commando team, operating together with B-52 bombers and other planes flying diversionary raids, pulled him to safety April 12.

The U.S. Command in Saigon said seven American airmen were shot down during the rescue operation ordered by the American commander in Vietnam, Gen. Creighton Abrams. Another airman who was shot down during the operation, Lt. Mark N. Clark, was similarly rescued after eight days on the ground.

Col. Hambleton spoke to a newsman by telephone from his hospital ward at Clark Air Force Base, 45 miles north of Manila, where he is recovering from his

ordeal, during which he lost 45 pounds.

Col. Hambleton's plane was hit by a Russian-built surface-to-air missile while flying just below the DMZ during a mission to jam North Vietnamese radar sites. He recalled that, after the missile hit the middle of the plane, "I was the first in rotation to bail out." He never saw the plane or the five other crew members again. The U.S. Command has listed them as missing.

A downed Air Force pilot, who made his way through Communist-held jungle for 10 days, gave up on the 11th day, after one helicopter after another sent to pick him up was shot down or damaged.

When last heard from, he radioed his would-be rescuers, "I am just a decoy down here. Don't send any more planes. It's too dangerous."

Then he turned off his pocket radio transmitter or had it turned off for him.

Military sources said today that he was probably captured.

B-52s Attack Below Hanoi

(Continued from Page 1)

they abandoned under North Vietnamese pressure two days ago.

In South Vietnam, field reports said that Hiep Duc, 35 miles southwest of Da Nang, which has been the focal point of numerous major battles in other years, had been hit by shelling and ground attacks for the last three days. Several government outposts were reportedly abandoned. Casualties were not announced.

Shelling also continued against Fire Base Bastogne, 12 miles southwest of Hue, and against South Vietnamese positions near the Dong Ha-Cua Viet River defense line 10 miles below the DMZ.

The air base at Bien Hoa, 15 miles northeast of Saigon, was struck by an undetermined number of rockets tonight. Military sources said there were no immediate reports of casualties or damage.

Reporting the B-52 raids, the U.S. command said that they had been against "military targets in North Vietnam that are helping support the Communist invasion across the Demilitarized Zone. Military targets included logistics, transportation and air-defense facilities."

The command declined to disclose the number of aircraft involved in the strikes, but other sources said that as many as 20 B-52s and 100 to 150 Air Force and Navy fighter-bombers had taken part.

The United States resumed systematic bombing of North Vietnam on April 6, a week after the North Vietnamese began the biggest offensive since Tet 1968. The U.S. command made public the loss of six more aircraft—two in the last two days and four during the first two weeks of Hanoi's offensive, on which reports were delayed because of pilot search operations.

The reports raised the total number of U.S. aircraft listed as lost in the offensive to 36, including 20 helicopters. Casualties were listed as nine crewmen killed, 11 wounded and 42 missing.

North Vietnam said today that 58 U.S. planes, including five B-52s, were "shattered" over North Vietnam in the first 20 days of April.

The Communist party newspaper Nhan Dan, in an editorial broadcast by the Vietnam press agency, said the United States had lost 3,504 planes overall in North Vietnam.

'68 'Accord' On Bombing Is Debated

Johnson Aides Say Nixon Widens It

(Continued from Page 1)

the scope of the fighting while a political settlement of the war was negotiated.

In exchange for the halt in the bombing of the North, announced by President Lyndon B. Johnson on Oct. 31, 1968, Hanoi is said to have agreed to an understanding that it would not take military advantage of the Demilitarized Zone and that its forces would not shell the principal cities in the South.

Hanoi is also said to have agreed to accept the participation of Saigon in substantive negotiations following the halt, while Washington would see that the Saigon government accepted the participation of the Viet Cong.

There was also a collateral and apparently somewhat separate understanding that the United States would continue to conduct unarmed reconnaissance flights over the North to monitor military preparations.

Hanoi has since denied accepting any understanding in exchange for the bombing halt, but its diplomats in Paris tacitly acknowledged the understanding at the time of President Johnson's announcement.

Yesterday, Xuan Thuy, the chief North Vietnamese negotiator at the peace talks in Paris, again denied that there had been any reciprocity by Hanoi for the halt. He insisted that the United States had dropped all its conditions during the negotiations in 1968.

At any rate, part of the understanding broke down immediately when Saigon balked at the participation of the Viet Cong and refused to join the negotiations. Serious discussions involving all four parties did not take place until after Mr. Nixon assumed office in January, 1969.

Goodwill by Hanoi

In an interview Tuesday, Mr. Harriman contended that after the bombing ceased "the other side did not appear to be in a hurry to remove 90 percent of its forces from the two northernmost provinces and took them 200 miles above the DMZ."

But 1969 and 1970 saw two developments that changed the Nixon administration's public interpretation of the understanding. First, the Paris talks became increasingly stalemated over the gradual withdrawal of U.S. troops from South Vietnam—from a peak of 543,000 men in 1969 to a current level of about 80,000—which Mr. Nixon undertook to buy time and domestic political credit for his Vietnamization policy, forced his administration into increasingly greater reliance on air power to support the South Vietnamese.

In March, 1970, the administration began what it called "re-informed protective reaction" and "limited duration" air raids on North Vietnam. By December, 1970, the increasingly frequent strikes brought questions about the policy, which Mr. Nixon answered at a news conference then with what appeared to be the new interpretation of the 1968 understanding.

Warning on Missiles

After warning that if U.S. reconnaissance planes over the North were fired upon he would order the destruction of the anti-aircraft sites, he declared: "Beyond that, there is another understanding with regard to the bombing of North Vietnam. If, as a result of my conclusion that the North Vietnamese, by their infiltration, threaten our remaining forces, if they thereby develop a capacity and proceed possibly to use that capacity to increase the level of fighting in South Vietnam, then I will order the bombing of military sites in North Vietnam, the passes that lead from North Vietnam into South Vietnam, the military complexes, the military supply lines."

"That will be the reaction that I shall take. I trust that it is not necessary. But let there be no misunderstanding with regard to this President's understanding about either reconnaissance flights or about a step-up in activities."

It is this statement to which Mr. Nixon's critics point when they contend that the administration is now having the 1968 understanding both ways—disregarding its restriction on U.S. air attacks and then citing North Vietnamese violations as a justification to bomb.

Mr. Harriman said Tuesday, as has Clark M. Clifford, a Secretary of Defense in the Johnson administration, that the understanding did not cover any increase in North Vietnamese infiltration into the South or a general rise in the level of fighting in the North.

Thus, it is contended, the United States acquired no right to bomb North Vietnam on the basis of either.

Mr. Harriman asserted, as did Mr. Clifford, that Mr. Nixon had developed his own understanding to permit him to bomb freely.

"It's a little late now to cite an understanding that you've already repudiated," Mr. Harriman said. "He said that regardless of what the understanding was, he was going to take what action he saw fit."

Two soldiers who arrested them testified that they saw them talking to and directing the crowd with hand gestures. The defendants said that they were signaling to each other and not to the crowd.

British minister for Northern



ONE WAY TO SOLVE A PROBLEM—Frustrated in his attempts to force his way through a blockade of anti-war pickets at Columbia University Thursday, this student took matters—and a blond-haired picket—into his own hands. Passersby seem amused or unconcerned. Blockade finally ended when university official read court order restraining students from disruptive acts, with many helmeted policemen standing by.

Most Are Limited and Peaceful

Students Stage War Protests Around U.S.

NEW YORK, April 21 (AP).—Small groups of anti-war demonstrators from campuses around the country boycotted classes, picketed defense facilities, marched and rallied today to protest renewed U.S. bombing of North Vietnam.

Most of the demonstrations were peaceful, drawing crowds ranging from a dozen to several hundred. There were reports of such activities at about 100 schools.

Among the few incidents reported was the arrest at Chicago, Mass., of 95 persons among a crowd of 250 who blocked the gates leading to Westover Air Force Base.

In Palo Alto, Calif., 10 persons were arrested when a crowd of 300 demonstrators refused a police order to end a siege of Stanford University's main ad-

ministration building. The remaining protesters left the building and marched to the other side of campus, shouting, "On strike, shut it down" and "Pigs off campus." Stanford has an enrollment of 11,000.

Strikes were scheduled at six major colleges in Illinois, but officials of the schools, which have a total enrollment of 127,000, reported normal class attendance. About 2,000 students marched around the campus of Northern Illinois University at De Kalb.

Boston Rally

Several thousand demonstrators from New England colleges converged on Boston Common for a 1 p.m. rally, blocking one of the busy streets around the area.

Students at nearby Harvard University voted to urge those at

the rally to move on to the Harvard campus to demonstrate support for between 30 and 50 black youths occupying the administration building in an unrelated protest. The blacks are protesting the university's refusal to sell its Gulf Oil Corp. stock. They contend that the company is responsible for the repression of African blacks.

Last night, about 2,000 Harvard students voted to stay away from classes and boycott normal campus activities for an indefinite period.

At Boston University, about 250 young people took over the administration building, ripped some telephones off walls and stole some records, but left before police arrived.

Columbia University President William McGill ordered all classes suspended at the 15,000-student institution in New York City. The campus was virtually deserted this morning, although about 50 students picketed the entrance to the university's School of International Affairs.

Had Opposed Action

Mr. McGill, who earlier opposed canceling classes, took the action after a group of 40 demonstrators broke up a meeting of the University senate. He said the senate had been about to authorize the shutdown.

Some groups of National Guardsmen patrolled the College Park campus of the University of Maryland following three nights of violence. A noon rally today drew about 400 persons, but there was no report of trouble.

About 1,000 students at the University of California at Berkeley staged a noisy march through the campus following a rally at which they voted to strike. There were some scuffles but no arrests.

University of Minnesota President Malcolm Moos designated Tuesday a "day of reflection and contemplation" about the war but said classes would not be canceled.

In Washington, a coalition of anti-war leaders announced plans for a nationwide moratorium to protest the war on May 4, the second anniversary of the fatal shooting of four students at Kent State University in Ohio.

At the Pentagon, three Episcopal bishops conducted an hour-long service to protest the war. It was the first such protest permitted within the building under a recent court ruling which barred the government from interfering with public meetings that oppose its policies.

U.S. Flag Burned

SANTIAGO, Chile, April 21 (Reuters).—Police used tear gas today to disperse a group of leftists who burned a U.S. flag outside the building where the United Nations Conference on Trade and Development is being held.

But to try to do this by military means would be to involve substantial casualties of innocent women and children. It would be wrong and cause great bitterness. I'm not going to cause unnecessary loss of life.

"But this doesn't mean the problem is not going to be solved. It is," Mr. Whitelaw said. Londonderry's Bogside and Creggan areas, among others, are controlled by the IRA and British troops do not enter them.

Mr. Whitelaw said that he would not tolerate the rule of the gun in the province he now runs.

"I'm going to pursue terrorists with the rigors of the law," he said. "My course is absolutely firm. And I shall continue on it."

9 Slain in Colombia

BOGOTA, April 21 (Reuters).—Seven soldiers and two civilians were killed and 11 soldiers were wounded in an ambush of an army patrol today in a remote region of northeastern Colombia. It was believed that rural guerrillas were responsible.

Two soldiers who arrested them testified that they saw them talking to and directing the crowd with hand gestures. The defendants said that they were signaling to each other and not to the crowd.

British minister for Northern

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MADERIRA

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- Two tennis courts—Minigolf—Tropical gardens.
- Private (sea level) bathing. Lido with two pools (heated), restaurants and bar—water skiing, sailing etc.

REID'S HOTEL

5 STARS AND A TRADITION WHICH SOME VERY DISCRIMINATING PEOPLE HAVE DISCOVERED

Most airlines come in two sizes. Big and impersonal. Or small and provincial.

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WEATHER		C	F
ALGERIA	14	57	Partly cloudy
AMSTERDAM	12	54	Partly cloudy
ANKARA	14	57	Very cloudy
ATHENS	12	54	Partly cloudy
BARCELONA	12	54	Partly cloudy
BERLIN	12	54	Partly cloudy
BELGRADE	12	54	Partly cloudy
BOMBAY	12	54	Partly cloudy
BREITENBURG	12	54	Partly cloudy
BUDAPEST	12	54	Partly cloudy
CADIZ	12	54	Partly cloudy
CASABLANCA	12	54	Partly cloudy
COPENHAGEN	12	54	Partly cloudy
COSTA DEL SOL	12	54	Partly cloudy
EDINBURGH	12	54	Partly cloudy
FLORENCE	12	54	Partly cloudy
FRANKFURT	12	54	Partly cloudy
GENOVA	12	54	Partly cloudy
HELSINKI	12	54	Partly cloudy
ISTANBUL	12	54	Partly cloudy
LAS PALMAS	12	54	Partly cloudy
LISBON	12	54	Partly cloudy
LONDON	12	54	Partly cloudy
MADRID	12	54	Partly cloudy
MILAN	12	54	Partly cloudy
MONTREAL	12	54	Partly cloudy
MOSCOW	12	54	Partly cloudy
MUNICH	12	54	Partly cloudy
NEW YORK	12	54	Partly cloudy
NICE	12	54	Partly cloudy
OSLO	12	54	Partly cloudy
PARIS	12	54	Partly cloudy
PRAGUE	12	54	Partly cloudy
ROME	12	54	Partly cloudy
SOFIA	12	54	Partly cloudy
STOCKHOLM	12	54	Partly cloudy
TALLINN	12	54	Partly cloudy
TUNIS	12	54	Partly cloudy
VIENNA	12	54	Partly cloudy
WARSAW	12	54	Partly cloudy
WASHINGTON	12	54	Partly cloudy
ZURICH	12	54	Partly cloudy

Gremlin in Back-Up Engine Control

Mattingly's Report of Hitch Launched Tests Across U.S.

By Richard Witkin

NEW YORK, April 21 (AP)—Minutes later when he swooped out from behind the moon into a direct line of sight that permitted space-to-ground communications, the inability of the command ship to circulate its orbit from an 11-by-59-nautical-mile path to a 10-by-60-nautical-mile path was reported because a whole batch of scientific and photographic equipment it carried was rigged to perform experiments from the circled altitudes.

But much more worrisome was the issue of the basic dependability of the command ship's 39,500-pound-thrust engine. It was the engine on which the crew depended mainly to fire them eventually out of lunar orbit for the trip back to earth. If its back-up control system—the system for swiveling the gimbal—was malfunctioning, it might be necessary to call on the lunar module's main descent engine. In that case, the lunar module engine could not be used for a lunar landing.

In the fewish on-the-ground work to trouble-shoot the problem, the essential issue was to find out how serious the oscillation might be. Technicians at the Manned Spacecraft Center in Houston and at plants scattered across the country went to work to analyze the problem.

Two main things were decided. The oscillation appeared to be caused by some sort of feedback of signals in the circuit that ran back and forth between the back-up guidance system and the motors driving the mechanisms that moved the gimbals. If the back-up system had to be used, the yaw gimbal would probably oscillate somewhat. But the oscillation would be sufficiently limited so there would be no structural damage and the spacecraft would maintain its proper on-course heading.

The oscillation did not mean the Apollo-16 landing had to be scrubbed. The astronaut checked the primary engine-control equipment, the computerized guidance and navigation systems. He did so by punching some keys on his cockpit keyboard, and indicators showed him immediately that the system was in working order.

Then he began a check of the back-up engine-control equipment, the so-called stabilization and control system, which would be used if the primary systems could be operated either automatically or manually. On his control panel were two thumbwheels. One was mounted vertically to check gimbal movement in pitch—the up and down directions. The other was mounted horizontally to check gimbal movement in yaw—the right-left directions.

It was when he moved the yaw thumbwheel that he noticed a hitch. Two needles moving together on either side of a vertical axis above the thumbwheel oscillated very noticeably when he turned the wheel.

Mission rules dictated that the command ship engine was not to be fired unless both the primary and back-up systems were adjusted in proper shape. This was a record with the basic philosophy on manned space missions—to have a fail-back mechanism to bring the crew home if the main equipment breaks down.

So, Comdr. Mattingly did not fire up. And he reported his problem to the ground a few minutes later when he swooped out from behind the moon into a direct line of sight that permitted space-to-ground communications.

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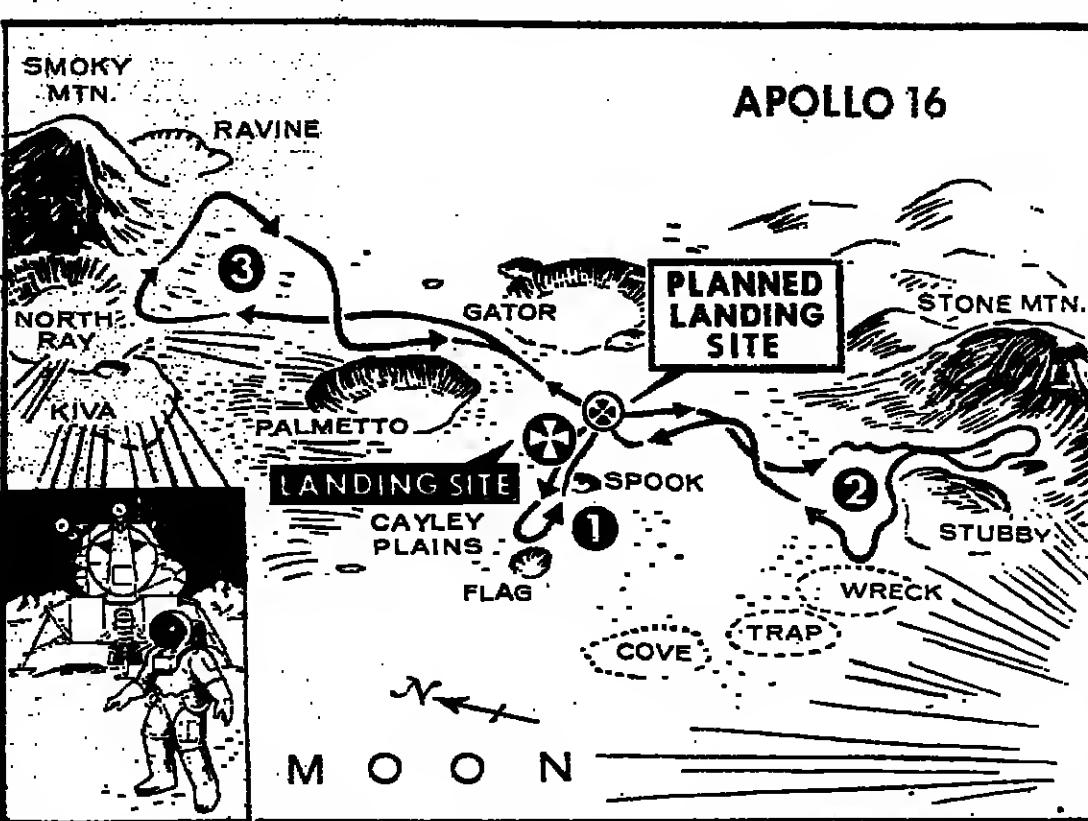
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MOON SITE—Cross shows where, by initial, unofficial calculation, the lunar lander Orion, carrying astronauts John Young and Charles Duke, touched down on moon 459 feet north and 656 feet west of planned landing site. Routes of explorations also shown.

After Landing Close to Target Site

Apollo Astronauts Begin Lunar Excursions

(Continued from Page 1)

said, looking around at the house-size boulders from which the astronauts will take samples to try to learn more about the moon's origins. "All we've got to do is jump out the hatch and we got plenty of rocks," Col. Duke said.

Covered With Boulders The astronaut said the surface where the moonship landed was 30 to 40 percent covered with boulders.

They had brought down their spacecraft 656 feet west and 459 feet north of their planned touchdown site.

Overhead, Comdr. Thomas K. Mattingly 2d went around the

moon in a nearly circular orbit of 61 by 77 miles, which was slightly off course. Capt. Young and Col. Duke, were ordered to rest after touchdown before starting out on their first lunar excursion.

"I really want to get out," Capt. Young told Houston. "But I think discretion is the better part of valor."

Capt. Young's first step on the moon was at 1659 GMT. "My golly, what a view!" Capt. Young told mission control.

Col. Duke followed, stepping down to the moon surface one minute later. "Hot dog, isn't this great?" he said.

"Wow, isn't this ever superb!" said Col. Duke as he began helping Capt. Young with the first chores of setting up equipment at the Descartes base.

An antenna problem prevented television pictures of the touchdown, but within an hour clear, live color television was received, showing the astronauts working on a rocky, barren slope.

The astronauts set up a nuclear-powered station which will relay back data for a year on such things as radiation, the solar wind, moonquakes and meteor hits.

And they implanted an American flag—the fifth now on the moon—and saluted.

"Again, I'll say with that salute, I'm proud to be an American. What a program, what a place and what an experience," Col. Duke said.

The men unloaded their small electric car, called the Rover, and erected an antenna carried on the auto which relayed views of their activities to mission control.

The first view showed Col. Duke in his white surface suit and gold-colored helmet. Behind him was Orion, wrapped in gold and silver foil, and behind that the rolling plateau stretching out toward the mountains.

The astronauts, using their new strength in the one-sixth gravity of the moon, picked up the car to move it around, easily lifted heavy equipment and galloped effortlessly across the surface.

"This lunar gravity," said Capt. Young. "I really like it."

The Apollo-16 commander had landed Orion right by a crater large enough to have swallowed most of the moon machine.

"I never saw such a big hole," said Capt. Young. "We're within three meters of a crater that's probably 10 meters deep."

Col. Duke loped across the moon, carrying the packaged science experiments in a barbell fashion.

As he galloped, one end of the barbell came off. The square package of experimental gear tumbled down into a shallow crater. He awkwardly stepped into the crater, picked up the package and reconnected it to the barbell carrying device.

Apollo-16 Schedule

Here is the revised timetable for Apollo-16. All times are GMT and subject to change.

SATURDAY, April 22
0654—Comdr. Mattingly goes to sleep in the command ship, Casper.
1154—Capt. Young and Col. Duke wake up on the moon in the lander, Orion.
1307—Second moonwalk begins.
2237—Moonwalk ends.

SUNDAY, April 23
0124—Col. Duke and Capt. Young begin recharging portable life support backpacks.
0838—The moon explorers begin an eight-hour rest period.
1138—Capt. Young and Col. Duke awaken and eat breakfast.
1524—Third moonwalk begins.
2234—Third moonwalk ends.

2324—Astronauts depressurize Orion, clean out the cabin for the trip to rejoin Casper.
2554—Capt. Young and Col. Duke eat and then begin stowing loose equipment in the lander's cabin in preparation for lift-off from the moon.

MONDAY, April 24
1529—The moon explorers blast off from the moon.

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House Votes Space Budget With Shuttle

Round-Trip Vehicle Would Be Reusable

WASHINGTON, April 21 (AP)—President Nixon's proposal to build a reusable shuttle for round-trip manned space travel won its first congressional test yesterday as the House passed a \$3.428-billion space agency budget bill.

With the next-to-last Apollo moon flight drama unfolding in the sky, the House gave the administration and the aerospace industry a major victory by crushing a freshman congressman's bid to delay space shuttle development for a year.

Then, the House approved the authorization bill and sent it to the Senate, 277 to 69.

The legislation, covering the fiscal year beginning July 1, contains \$200 million for research and development of the two-part shuttlecraft and \$27.9 million for construction of shuttle facilities.

This is what the National Aeronautics and Space Administration sought under Mr. Nixon's recent go-ahead plan for the revolutionary project.

NASA calculates development will cost \$5.35 billion over six years and building facilities are expected to reach up to \$400 million.

Cape Kennedy, Fla., and Vandenberg Air Force Base, Calif., were recently picked by NASA as shuttle-base sites.

Rep. Les Aspin, D., Wis., lost by 103 to 11 in his bid to defer shuttle development for a year so the National Academy of Sciences could study the project's costs, scientific program and its relation to military missions.

Rep. Aspin claimed the \$1.5-billion figure cited by NASA is "squishy soft" and said the program eventually could cost \$35 billion.

But Majority Leader Hale Boggs, D., La., and Minority Leader Gerald R. Ford, R., Mich., both called the shuttle vital to the future of America's space program.

And Rep. Louis Frey Jr., R., Fla., a leader of the proshuttle forces, said Rep. Aspin's proposal would kill the plan to create the new vehicle and would wreck the space program.

Beaumarchais to London
PARIS, April 21 (AP)—Jacques Delors, French ambassador to Britain, succeeding Geoffrey de Courcel, was announced today.

Republicans Deny Decision To Shift Convention to Florida

(Continued from Page 1)

San Diego to Miami Beach was worked out by Mr. Harman and Miami Beach officials.

The Times said the convention is now scheduled to open Aug. 14 instead of Aug. 21, as originally planned for San Diego, because Miami Beach is committed for Aug. 21 to the Buick Division of General Motors Corp.

In San Diego the GOP has been plagued by a host of problems, including reports that the International Telephone & Telegraph Corp. had pledged \$400,000 to help underwrite the convention. There have been charges that there was a direct link between the ITT pledge and the settlement of an anti-trust suit against the company.

An informed Republican source told The Times that the cost of the San Diego operation was becoming "prohibitive." He said that the owner of the Sports Arena, Peter Graham, was being "outlandish" in his demands for renovation of the hall.

Some Republican sources said the cost of getting ready for the convention now appeared to be close to \$2 million. This compares with \$800,000 for the 1968 convention, held in Miami Beach.

San Diego View
In San Diego yesterday, Mayor Pete Wilson urged the Republican party to "uphold its end of the bargain," but most local officials were prepared for the possibility that the convention could be shifted. Not all of them were sorrowful.

Little actual work on convention preparations has been started. Spokesmen for major San Diego hotels were not dismayed. August is usually their busiest month, coming at the height of the tourist season.

County Supervisor Jim Bear, who had pleaded innocent. He was accused of planning to sabotage the local telephone exchange, bridges, the bus garage and other installations.

Mr. Jacobsen was held 84 days before being charged. He and several dozen others were arrested in raids in October and November.

Rep. Gallagher Pleads Not Guilty
NEWARK, N.J., April 21 (AP)—Rep. Cornelius Gallagher pleaded innocent today to federal charges of perjury, conspiracy and income-tax evasion, and was freed on \$25,000 personal recognizance bond.

Rep. Gallagher, a seven-term Democratic congressman from Bayonne, is charged with conspiring with two former Jersey City officials to conceal income of theirs in excess of \$326,000. He also is charged with evading more than \$100,000 in personal income taxes.

U.S. Attorney Herbert J. Stern said the government would seek to bring Rep. Gallagher to trial within 30 days.

a Democrat, said, "The real reason, and it's quite obvious, is the mess they're in over the ITT money."

Mayor Wilson denied this, however, saying "I can't conceive" that the ITT affair had anything to do with the possible move.

In Sacramento, Gov. Ronald Reagan said, "Anyone who would rather spend August in Florida than August in California has got to be out of his mind."

S. African Court Acquits Briton in Terrorism Case

JOHANNESBURG, April 21 (AP)—The Supreme Court today acquitted a British free-lance photographer of all charges against him under the Terrorism and Suppression of Communism Acts.

It was the second "judicial" setback in a week for the white government of South Africa. Last Friday, the court reversed the conviction of the Anglican dean of Johannesburg, the Very Rev. Gonville A. French-Beytagh.

The photographer is Quentin C.B. Jacobsen, 26, who, like the dean, had pleaded innocent. He was accused of planning to sabotage the local telephone exchange, bridges, the bus garage and other installations.

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FROM ANTWERP, BELGIUM

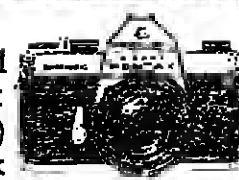
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Folks who have the travel bug usually catch the camera bug, too. And professional photographers (like David Bailey, who took this picture of Jean Shrimpton, for Vogue) know why so many amateurs use Asahi Pentax all over the world. It's the ideal tourist camera. Compact. Light weight. Easy to use. Yet an exceedingly professional camera. With no bugs at all.



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U.S. Pollster Reports a Rise In Hawks, Wallace Backers

By Carroll Kilpatrick

WASHINGTON, April 21 (AP).—Hawkish sentiment and support of Gov. George C. Wallace of Alabama have increased since the North Vietnamese began their latest offensive, the head of a nationwide polling organization said here today.

Albert E. Sindlinger, president of Sindlinger & Co. Inc., of Swarthmore, Pa., said at a news conference that he had never seen "a shift in political attitudes" to equal the Democratic movement toward Gov. Wallace in the last 15 days.

If there were a Democratic referendum, Gov. Wallace would lead all other Democrats, Mr. Sindlinger said. Support for Sen. George S. McGovern, D., S.D., has risen at the other end of the political spectrum, but that for Sen. Hubert H. Humphrey, D., Minn., and Sen. Edmund S. Mus-

USIA Warns On Budget Cut

WASHINGTON, April 21 (AP).—The Senate Foreign Relations Committee's proposal to cut \$45 million from the U.S. Information Agency's budget would force a drastic cutback in personnel and programs, a USIA spokesman said yesterday.

He said the agency would have to close posts in 31 countries and lay off 2,300 of its 9,700 employees if the committee's action stands. In addition, the spokesman said, the agency would have to trim 25 languages from its Voice of America broadcasts and reduce its motion-picture output by 30 percent.

The committee voted to cut \$45 million from USIA's fiscal 1973 budget after the agency invoked executive privilege to withhold information sought by the committee.

U.K. Sunday Less Blue

LONDON, April 21 (UPI).—Parliament gave final approval today to a bill allowing legitimate theaters in England and Wales to open on Sundays.



Pierre Lazareff

Obituaries

Pierre Lazareff, Publisher Of Biggest French Newspaper

PARIS, April 21 (NYT).—Pierre Lazareff, 65, publisher and director of France-Soir, the largest-circulation newspaper in France, died early today at the American Hospital.

Mr. Lazareff, who also directed the Sunday newspaper Le Journal du Dimanche and a popular women's magazine, *Ella*, was admitted to the hospital three weeks ago.

A diminutive man who was considered a giant of the French press, Mr. Lazareff was once dubbed "the Napoleon of journalists."

He played a key role in building France-Soir into one of France's leading newspapers. He challenged the ethics of his colleagues in French journalism, holding nothing back as he characterized the French press of pre-World War II days generally as "venal and treasonous."

As a Jew in German-occupied France, he fled Paris and an already prominent position in French journalism and waged verbal war on the Vichy government.

In the early 1960s, long after returning to France following his World War II exile in the United States, he found himself in conflict again, this time with the Secret Army Organization, the rightist terrorist group operating against the De Gaulle regime and its Algerian ally.

It was a combative career for a man of combative temperament. A man who—as one American observer put it—"comes closer than any other French journalist to the U.S. idea of a star managing editor."

Mr. Lazareff had newspaper work in his blood from his days as an adolescent. At the age of 12, he began sending articles to theater weeklies. At 15, despite his father's warnings that French journalism was only for "misfits and blackmailed," he began a short-lived weekly of his own that he called *Illusions*.

At 19, he was city editor of

Manroe Olley

DETROIT, April 21 (AP).—Maurice Olley, 82, an automotive suspension designer, died yesterday of a heart attack. He had been in failing health for several years.

Mr. Olley was credited with introducing the U.S. auto industry's first independent front-wheel suspension system.

Jorge Mistral

MEXICO CITY, April 21 (AP).—Spanish actor Jorge Mistral, 49, who played opposite such actresses as Sophia Loren, Simone Signoret and Gina Lollobrigida, shot himself to death yesterday, authorities reported.

Wilbur Staup

COLUMBIA, Mo., April 21.—Wilbur (Sparky) Staup, 62, University of Missouri athletic director and basketball coach from 1946 to 1961, died early today. His record as coach of the Missouri Tigers was 185 wins, 179 losses.

P. B. Stephens

NEW YORK, April 21 (AP).—P.B. Stephens, 71, retired general manager of the New York Daily News, died yesterday. He retired in 1962 after 33 years with the News.

Snow, Cold Snap Hit Northern Spain

MADRID, April 21 (Reuters).—Blizzards swept northern Spain today, blocking mountain passes and threatening fruit and vegetable crops in an unseasonal cold snap.

Main roads remained open but some mountain passes were blanketed by nearly a foot of snow.

There was no immediate indication of crop damage as the cold snap followed a warm start to spring throughout Spain.

Court Allows Reading of Davis Letters

State Hopes to Show 'Passion' for Jackson

SAN JOSE, Calif., April 21 (AP).—A Superior Court judge ruled yesterday that a series of letters from Angela Davis to George Jackson may be introduced at her trial for murder, kidnapping and conspiracy.

Judge Richard A. Arnaon granted a defense request to prohibit introduction of a two-page sample of a letter typed, for comparison purposes, on Miss Davis's typewriter at the Marin County jail without her knowledge.

Among the letters was one that Miss Davis wrote to the imprisoned Jackson on July 8, 1971, the day the prosecution says they engaged in a "close, passionate and physical involvement."

The state contends that passion to free Jackson led Miss Davis to her alleged involvement in the Aug. 7, 1970, shootout in Marin County in which four persons were killed.

George D. Murray, special investigator for the state attorney general, testified that he found the 16-page letter in a box of effects taken from Jackson's cell after he was killed at San Quentin Prison on Aug. 21, 1971. The authorities said he had attempted to escape.

Presumably, the prosecution would have attempted to show that the typing on the letter was the same as the typing on the two-page copy done by a deputy sheriff.

Thumbprint Identified

The defense victory was virtually wiped away later when a fingerprint expert identified Miss Davis's left thumbprint on the letter. He said the 13-page letter contained one of Miss Davis's fingerprints, 53 of Jackson's and three from San Quentin inmate John L. Spain.

Spain is one of six prisoners charged with murder and conspiracy in the deaths of three guards and two inmates during the violence in which Jackson was killed.

None of the love letters has been heard by the all-white jury trying Miss Davis. When the trial resumes Monday, the prosecution is expected to offer more testimony on the letters.

In a development on the periphery of the trial, 19 supporters of Miss Davis, including her sister, have been convicted of illegally demonstrating outside the courthouse where she is on trial.

A municipal court jury last night found 10 women and nine men guilty of breaking a law that prohibits picketing or parading in or near a courthouse with intent to interfere with a trial or obstruct justice.

The demonstration took place Jan. 31 during pretrial hearings. Among those convicted were Miss Davis's sister, Paula Jordan, and Franklin Alexander, chairman of the National United Committee to Free Angela Davis.

Germany Bans Hannover SST Demonstrations

HANNOVER, West Germany, April 21 (UPI).—The West German government has banned demonstration flights by rival Franco-British and Russian supersonic passenger jetliners at the Hannover Air Show, a Transport Ministry spokesman said today.

The surprise announcement disappointed international aviation experts attending the opening of the show, where the Franco-British Concordia and the Soviet Tu-144 SST were billed as the star attraction.

The Russians flew the Tu-144 into Hannover's airport Wednesday. The Concordia was scheduled to fly in from England tomorrow.

The Transport Ministry spokesman said the ministry had banned demonstration flights because neither of the planes has been licensed for public flight.

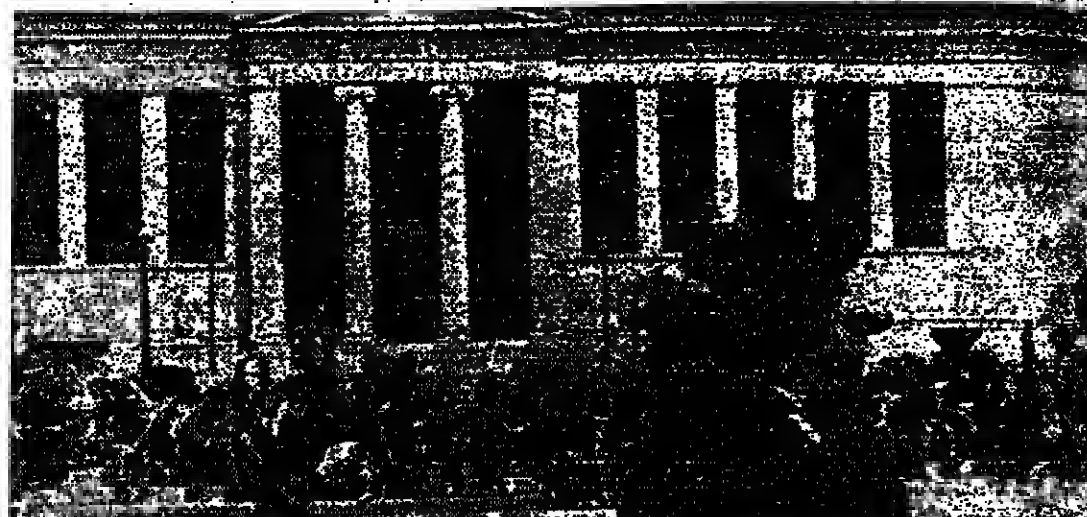
The ministry therefore granted permission only for the flights to and from the Hannover Air Show, he said.

A Soviet spokesman said the Tu-144 may fly home early if it is not allowed to demonstrate.

Fire in Germany Kills 8 Mental Patients

DUEREN, West Germany, April 21 (Reuters).—Eight patients died when fire swept throughout the first floor of a psychiatric hospital in this town near Aachen late last night.

A police spokesman said that the eight patients apparently were overcome by fumes. The hospital's 23 other patients were rescued, he said.



ATHENS AGITATION—Student demonstrators sit outside Athens University Friday under close watch of police and passersby in first anti-regime student action since 1967.

Students Demonstrate in Athens

Greece, With Some Protests, Marks '67 Coup

From Wire Dispatches

ATHENS, April 21.—Several hundred students massed at Athens University today in a vocal display of opposition to the government as it marked five years in power with church services and ceremonies through the country.

The police broke up the university demonstration and arrested several students. It was the first such demonstration by students since the army coup on April 21, 1967, that suspended parliamentary rule.

To mark the anniversary, cities and towns were decorated with blue and white bunting, the national colors. Walls were covered with posters proclaiming the last five years the "five golden years."

'Revolution' Cited

In Athens, Premier George Papadopoulos attended a special religious service with members of his cabinet.

In a speech to the nation last night, Mr. Papadopoulos said Greece was "governed in a man-

ner geared absolutely to its national needs."

"A revolution of our type could have survived only through popular consent," he said.

There were signs of opposition other than the protest at Athens University.

Nineteen politicians, including former cabinet ministers, called for the return of King Constantine and restoration of parliamentary government as soon as possible under former Premier Constantine Karamanlis.

Police sources said that small explosions had caused minor damage to two automobiles bearing U.S. registration plates. One explosion blew off the limousine of a car belonging to the U.S. diplomatic corps.

Bonn Notes Protest

BONN, April 21 (AP).—Chancellor Willy Brandt's government announced today that it had officially taken note of a Greek demand to recall its ambassador in Athens after he allegedly assisted in the escape of a Greek opposition figure.

A government spokesman said this practically ensured that Am-

bassador Peter Limbourg, in bed with a heart attack since Wednesday, is no longer in charge of the embassy. It is now being headed by the chargé d'affaires, Konrad von Schubert.

SALT Parley Is Resumed In Helsinki

HELSINKI, April 21 (UPI).—A special session of the Strategic Arms Limitation Talks was held tonight by the U.S. negotiator, Gerard C. Smith, and the Soviet negotiator, Vladimir S. Semynov.

The meeting was arranged only three hours after Mr. Semynov returned from a week's consultation in Moscow. He said in a brief statement that he had returned to continue the talks and that he would see Mr. Smith tonight.

His absence caused the postponement of two regular sessions this week although discussions continued as usual between official working groups, conference sources said.

There was no indication about the instructions given Mr. Semynov in Moscow.

Both delegations have stated their determination to try to agree on limiting defensive nuclear weapons and to seek an interim accord on certain offensive weapons systems.

Russian Charges U.S., U.K. Stall On Chemical Ban

GENEVA, April 21 (Reuters).—The Soviet Union yesterday accused the United States and Britain of hiding behind technical questions to evade the issue of banning war gases and other chemical weapons.

On Tuesday, Britain rejected a Soviet draft ban submitted to the 25-nation Geneva disarmament conference last month because, in its view, the draft contained no proper verification measures and failed to specify adequately what chemicals should be banned.

"The United States has not yet reacted formally to the Soviet proposal, but outside the conference hall an American spokesman described it as premature because many complex questions remained to be solved."

Referring to the Western attitude, the Soviet delegate, Alexander A. Rodichin, said at the conference that "the denial of the significance of this document, together with the unwillingness to submit their own concrete proposals on this problem gives every reason to ask whether some Western powers really intend to participate in the treaty on the prohibition of chemical means of warfare."

Yugoslavia's Smallpox Believed Controlled

GENEVA, April 21 (Reuters).—The recent smallpox outbreak in Yugoslavia, involving 173 reported cases and 34 deaths, is now believed to be under complete control, the World Health Organization said today.

A spokesman said the outbreak showed how a dangerous situation could be brought under control in a very short time if the medical services were good enough and prompt.

The WHO spokesman said reports that smallpox had been carried into Yugoslavia by a water brought home from the Middle East by pilgrims had been disproved.

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Brandt Agrees With Heath About EEC

Want New Secretariat In Brussels, Not Paris

By Alvin Shusterman
LONDON, April 21 (NYT).—Prime Minister Edward Heath and Chancellor Willy Brandt of West Germany ended their talks today after reaching general agreement on many issues facing an enlarged European Economic Community.

Their accord left them at odds with the French on one key issue—the location of a new political secretariat for the community. Informal sources said Mr. Heath and Mr. Brandt took the view that it should be set up in Brussels rather than Paris, as proposed by President Georges Pompidou of France.

In five hours of discussions, ranging over two days, the leaders spent much of their time on ways to strengthen the common market, plans for the summit meeting of Western European leaders in October, and East-West relations. Officials said that the two leaders saw no chance of organizing a European security conference, as desired by the Soviet Union, before the spring of 1973.

British and German officials said the talks showed a "wide and deep measure" of agreement. And, in remarks at a dinner tonight, Mr. Brandt said he was now convinced "we will make faster and better progress with regard to political cooperation."

On the political secretariat, Britain and Germany argue that the community's institutions should be closely linked and that the political and economic centers should both be in Brussels, now the market's headquarters. Their alliance on the issue may carry considerable weight when the question arises at the summit session.

Mr. Heath discussed the question with President Pompidou here last month, but they agreed to disagree and leave it for further discussion. They also left for the summit the question of strengthening the powers of the European Parliament at Strasbourg.

In their talks, Mr. Heath and Mr. Brandt agreed on enhancing the authority of the new weak Parliament. And Mr. Brandt suggested, according to officials here, that one way to improve its standing would be to give "each delegate to the European body a deputy of some influence either in his national government or party."

As a country that is not scheduled formally to join the market until Jan. 1, Britain has been playing a delicate negotiating game in recent months. It does not want to give the impression to the French of a developing Anglo-German axis nor to the Germans of a special Anglo-French alliance.

However, it was clear from the results of the talks today that on many issues facing Europe the British and the Germans are closer. Nevertheless, officials sought to emphasize today that the views of Mr. Heath and Mr. Brandt are largely shared by Mr. Pompidou, with only a few exceptions.

19 Men Missing In 2 Ships' Crash Off South Africa

PORT ELIZABETH, South Africa, April 21 (Reuters).—A search was under way today for 19 men missing after a tanker and a freighter collided in the Indian Ocean and burst into flames.

All the missing men were crewmembers of a 12,174-ton Liberian tanker, the Silver Castle, which was drifting, abandoned and on fire, near the collision site, about 80 miles north of here.

The crew abandoned ship shortly after the collision with the 6,488-ton South African vessel S.A. Pioneer, and 16 were picked up by a passing West German freighter, the Mai Rickmers.

They were taken to East London, where seven went to a hospital for treatment of minor injuries. The rest were taken to a seamen's hostel.

The Pioneer came to Port Elizabeth early today with smoke and flames pouring from her forepeak. The captain and crew of 47 did not suffer any serious injuries.

The Pioneer shook with an explosion as it entered port, and a fresh outburst of flame lit the sky. Tenders and waiting firemen managed to get the blaze under control.

Russia Bars New Geneva Meeting

LONDON, April 21 (Reuters).—The Soviet Union has turned down a recent British proposal for the reconvening of the 1964 Geneva conference on Indo-China.

A Foreign Office spokesman said here today that Soviet Foreign Minister Andrei Gromyko yesterday told Sir John Killick, the British ambassador in Moscow, that the Soviet Union did not think the British proposal was practicable.

Britain and the Soviet Union are co-chairmen of the 1964 Geneva Conference, which ended a seven-year war in the then French Indochina states of Vietnam, Laos and Cambodia.



BILLY THE KID—One-week-old Billy getting ready to have a real goat's feast of springtime daffodils in the Whitehead Zoo, where he was born, north of London.

Lively Campaign Ends Sunday

Baden-Wuerttemberg Vote Hinges on Brandt Ostpolitik

By David Binder

BONN, April 21 (NYT).—Large and lively crowds, vigorous efforts by independent voter groups, inducements by conservatives that Chancellor Willy Brandt has sold out West Germany to the Russians in secret negotiations—these have been among the highlights of the campaign for the state election Sunday in Baden-Wuerttemberg.

The voters are really stirred up, said Minister President Hans Eillingner, whose Christian Democratic Union is hoping for 50 percent of the ballots and an absolute majority of seats in the State Assembly.

Mr. Eillingner governed the state for four years in cooperation with the Social Democrats, who quit the local coalition in February, when he came out against the Bonn government's policy of improving ties with the European Communist countries.

The 58-year-old state official apparently regrets the move now, recognizing that he would have had a much easier time campaigning on local issues without getting tangled up in the emotion-charged issue of foreign policy.

He told visitors as much Tuesday. He also indicated that he was running scared in his home district of Freiburg, where many of the university's 19,000 students are entitled to vote.

Student Support
Students were out in force Monday in front of Freiburg's cathedral in a pelting rain to cheer Mr. Brandt, who told them the state vote could help push ratification of his 1970 goodwill treaty with the Soviet Union through the federal parliament in Bonn.

Mr. Brandt has been to Baden-Wuerttemberg on extended campaign tours four times in the last month and has been rewarded with crowds of up to 10,000.

Foreign Minister Walter Scheel, a Free Democratic party coalition partner of Mr. Brandt, has also drawn good crowds across the state, as has the Christian Democratic Union leader, Rainer Barzel.

Stuttgart politicians believe the interest generated here by the Ostpolitik debate will draw the biggest turnout of voters in the post-World War II era. With vigorous activity by all parties, the campaign has every aspect of a national election except in name.

Independent voter initiatives have sprung up in many major cities, most of them on behalf of the Social Democrats and Free Democrats. Groups have purchased much space for campaign advertisements in the press and on the radio.

Big-City Boom
The hopes of the Social Democrats are focused mainly on bigger cities like Stuttgart, Mannheim and Heidelberg, where postwar industrialization has created a boom atmosphere comparable to that in California—with pretentious houses springing up in once peaceful valleys. More than 40 percent of the

French Urged To Vote 'Yes' By Pompidou

Closing TV Appeal On EEC Referendum

By James Goldborough

PARIS, April 21 (NYT).—President Georges Pompidou appealed to the nation on television tonight for a huge "yes" vote in Sunday's referendum in order to keep the European Economic Community from wasting away and dying.

Mr. Pompidou, making his last appearance before the vote on EEC enlargement, tried to arouse what has appeared to be flagging interest in the campaign by telling the people flatly, "You must vote Sunday. It is your duty." He said that the success of the referendum depended on the margin of approval.

The government is hoping it can win an absolute majority, and the president's remarks tonight seemed aimed at those who might have been planning a weekend in the country rather than voting. The weather bureau has forecast a sunny Sunday, which could carry the "yes" votes below the 48 percent envisioned by an opinion poll yesterday.

Mr. Pompidou said the nation owed a "yes" vote to Britain now that the British have accepted the rules of the community. "To refuse entry," he said, "would be to condemn the common market to slowly wither away from lingering disease."

Unity Urged
Approval, he said, would increase Europe's weight. "In the age of superpowers," he said, "a nation like France cannot preserve its full political, economic and monetary independence by uniting closely with its neighbors."

He pointed out, however, that the new 10-nation community would be fraught with "uncertainties and contradictions." Elaborating on this, he said that each nation still was primarily concerned with its own interests, and that France who don't realize this are naïve." He said that divergences in the new community would probably arise, "particularly on Europe's relations with the outside world."

Mr. Pompidou tried to minimize the vote's effect on the internal French political situation, saying that it was a vote strictly on Europe. He said that if he received a majority approval, it would increase his own influence and enable France to better make its weight felt in the enlarged community.

The president refused to take a position on what has become the most debated theme during this campaign: How far France is willing to go toward European unity. Commenting that during the campaign, "Everything has been said and in every sense," he skirted the debate over federation, confederation and supranationality. "We will increase Europe's economic, political and social possibilities," he said, "but, and I want to emphasize this, we should not have any illusions: The problems will be many in the 10-nation Europe."

For the first time in a Fifth Republic referendum, there were no threats, direct or indirect, of resignation if the result was not to the president's liking. Mr. Pompidou said the future of France depended on the outcome, but, unlike under De Gaulle, there was no linking of his own future to the result.

The most recent poll showed that 48 percent of registered voters planned to vote "yes," 35 percent planned to abstain or vote blank and 17 percent would vote "no."

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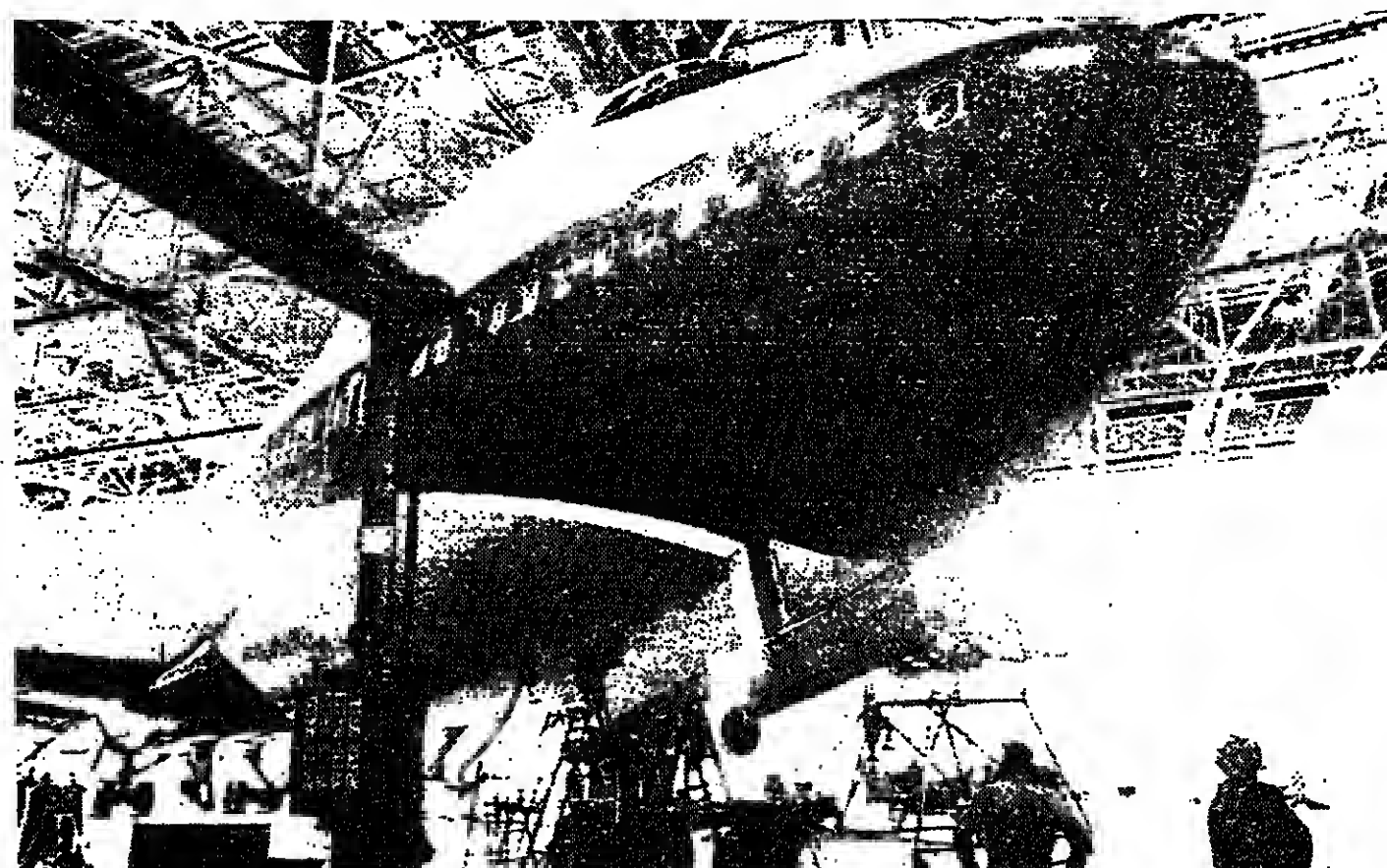
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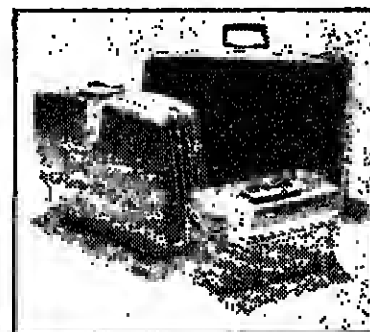
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The Anti-Trust Offensive

There are those who believe that a good offense is the best defense and the Nixon administration seems to be trying to apply this theory to the ITT affair. For some time now, a steady drumbeat has emerged from the White House and elsewhere about the scope and effectiveness of the administration's anti-trust program. It is designed, no doubt, to demonstrate that the Department of Justice under Mr. Mitchell was tough on business and thus to dilute the charges that it may have gone soft on the International Telephone & Telegraph Corp.

Acting Attorney General Kleindienst set the tone almost a month ago proclaiming in a speech that the Department of Justice had, since 1969, made "new anti-trust history" through the efforts of a "courageous" Assistant Attorney General, Richard McLaren, in stopping "the conglomerate merger threat in its tracks." This performance, Mr. Kleindienst claimed, contrasted sharply with that of the previous Democratic administrations which had refused to challenge conglomerate mergers, like those in the ITT case, because of doubts that the anti-trust laws reached that far. President Nixon echoed the same theme in a press conference, and other Republicans have picked up the message. GOP Sen. J. Glenn Beall Jr. of Maryland, for instance, has charged the Democrats with "gross hypocrisy" for condemning the ITT settlement "even though it was their own Democratic administration which, by default, permitted ITT to become the giant conglomerate that it is today."

There is considerable validity to this Republican back-patting effort. As best we can tell, this administration has enforced a stronger anti-trust policy than its immediate predecessors. It may well be true that the ITT and Ling-Temco-Vought cases brought by Mr. McLaren had much to do with slowing down the conglomerate merger trend. The administration, it appears, is entitled to claim a large bouquet for its overall anti-trust record, even if it faltered here and there.

Nevertheless, two aspects of this spate of self-congratulation bother us. The first is that it is not occurring in a vacuum. The purpose of it, given the context in which it is occurring, is not so much to win friends and influence people as it is to obscure the

basic issue in the ITT affair. That issue is not how well or badly the administration has done overall on anti-trust or even how good or bad the ITT settlement was in terms of anti-trust enforcement. The issue is whether ITT got deeply into the process through which the administration decided to accept that settlement instead of staying at the arms-length posture appropriate for adversaries. If ITT did get in farther than it should have, the taint remains regardless of how the settlement fits in with the administration's overall anti-trust record.

The other aspect of this that bothers us is the possibility that an eagerness to make the overall record even stronger will lead the administration to overreach itself. Such a possibility exists in the suits filed last week against the three television networks. These suits are as being peculiar, partly because the facts on which the complaints are based are outdated, partly because the cases have been dormant inside the Justice Department since 1970, and partly because the complaints seem to ignore some of the realities of the television business. The basic charge in these suits is that the networks have used their control over access to prime evening time to exclude programs in which they do not have a financial interest.

This set of cases has been kicking around the Justice Department for more than a decade. They were sidelined by three attorney generals until Mr. Kleindienst resurrected them. They involve an area which the FCC has investigated and in which it ordered major changes last year. Yet the suits filed last week are grounded in 1967 data and appear not to recognize the changes, including those ordered by the FCC, which have occurred since.

The issues in almost all anti-trust cases are extremely complex and those involving the networks are no exception. Thus, we are not about to venture a guess as to their possible outcome. It is the circumstances under which they were filed, as much as the content, which bothers us. It would be a shame—for business in particular and for the country in general—if the administration starts undermining its anti-trust record in an effort to overcome the inferences which logically flow from much of the testimony heard so far in the ITT affair.

THE WASHINGTON POST.

Crossroad Votes

In a bizarre happenstance, voters in all of France and in one of West Germany's 10 states will determine Sunday the short-run political shape of Western Europe and the condition of East-West relations. The French are being asked to pass on admitting Britain, Ireland, Denmark and Norway to the European Common Market. Voters in Baden-Württemberg may decide the fate of West Germany's nonaggression treaties with Russia and Poland as well as the survival of Chancellor Brandt's government in Bonn.

If opinion polls are accurate, the question in France is simply whether enough voters will turn out to deliver the massive "yes" demanded by President Pompidou when he unexpectedly decided on the referendum. Until the affirmative verdict is recorded, however, there will be uneasiness in other European capitals. An unexpected rejection by France could destroy the European Community and leave Western Europe in political chaos.

The outcome in West Germany seems much more in doubt, however. If the Christian Democratic Union can win an absolute majority in Baden-Württemberg,

where it has always been the strongest party, its chances of blocking ratification by the Bundestag of Mr. Brandt's treaties with Moscow and Warsaw will be greatly enhanced. The Brandt coalition probably could not survive rejection of the treaties, the anchors of its entire Ostpolitik.

But if Mr. Brandt's Social Democrats and their weak partner, the Free Democrats, together win a majority in Baden-Württemberg, ratification of the treaties will be virtually assured. Victory in this southwest state of West Germany would give the government a one-vote majority in the Bundestag, the Upper House in Bonn. This in turn would make only a simple majority necessary to complete approval in the Bundestag. The election of the legislature in a single West German state has thus taken on a significance that reaches far beyond the Federal Republic and, indeed—because of its ramifications for East-West relations—well beyond Europe. It will be an anxious Sunday for all who see the prospects of détente in Europe bound up with the fate of Mr. Brandt's treaties.

THE NEW YORK TIMES.

International Opinion

Pakistan's Last Chance

After a decade and a half of strutting generals and martial imperatives, Pakistan has finally embraced a kind of democracy. Mr. Bhutto becomes a people's president, not a dictator. His government is accountable to elected representatives. The grim old days of martial law and tyranny behind a line of troops are gone. Pakistan has a chance to live, breathe, and flourish. It is a real chance, but it may be the last chance; and it must be taken.

—From the Guardian (London).

Cynicism of Big Powers

Everything has been said about the cynicism of the big powers illustrated by the simultaneousness of American bombings of North Vietnam and of the preparations

under way in Moscow and Washington for President Nixon's visit to Russia. The destruction of Haiphong Harbor can have no immediate influence on the course of military operations. Fragmentation bombs and other devices aimed at men, women and children, and not at things, are sufficient evidence of a double objective: to hamper in the long run the supplying of the North Vietnamese divisions engaged in the South; and to "punish" the leaders in Hanoi who stubbornly seek to reunify their country by arms and to install their regime in Saigon, despite the fact that the southern population appears to be fleeing before the invaders and not cheering the liberators.

Mr. Johnson tried that strategy of "punishment" for years, with no other result than to harden the determination of his enemies.

—From Le Figaro (Paris).

In the International Edition

Seventy-Five Years Ago

April 23, 1897

ATHENS—The situation on the Thessalian front is generally considered to be highly critical. There is a fear that the Greek troops, exhausted by three days' fighting, will not long resist the furious attacks of the Turks. The government has called out the reserves of 1885. They are sending tomorrow two battalions of gendarmes and policemen, in all 2,500 men, to Thessaly. Today 2,000 volunteers and reservists started for the frontier.

Fifty Years Ago

April 23, 1922

SACRAMENTO—To help celebrate the "Forty-Niner" anniversary next month, the City Council has passed an ordinance, in all seriousness, naming it obligatory upon all adult males to grow whiskers. This, to bring back the male appearance as nearly as possible to the days of '49. If the men refuse it will cost them four "bits" a day fine. It is expected that this fifty-cent confiscation will cause all male citizens to think twice before refusing to obey the law.



The Tragedy of Ignorance

By James Reston

WASHINGTON.—The Vietnam war has illustrated once more the limitations of political leadership and the unpredictability of human conduct. Nothing is more tragic in this seemingly endless story of human weakness than the consistent misjudgments on both sides of the enemy on the other side. Time and again, by misperceiving the leaders and people they are fighting against, both have failed to serve their own best interests. It is happening again in Hanoi.

First, it was President Kennedy who thought he could bluff Moscow and intimidate Hanoi by increasing the American contingent in Saigon to 16,000 American "advisers." Then Lyndon Johnson, in the critical period after his spectacular victory as a "man of peace" in the 1964 election, who misjudged the tenacity of the North Vietnamese and the determination of Moscow and Peking to risk a confrontation on a battlefield unfavorable to the United States.

It was simply inconceivable to Johnson that the North Vietnamese and the Viet Cong would not submit if (1) he put his air power over the battlefield, and then (2) put an American expeditionary force on the ground. And now, even Nixon, who is a less romantic and more pragmatic man, is still operating on the assumption that the enemy that would not compromise when we had over half a million soldiers on the ground and an even larger air force in the battle, will compromise when we are saying negotiate on our terms or we'll pull all our ground troops out anyway.

Human Faith

This says a lot about human faith and human patriotism, but even more about human ignorance, for Moscow and Peking will probably never have a better opportunity to confront the United States under more favorable circumstances, at so little cost to themselves, and with a Communist ally in Vietnam whose soldiers have more courage and endurance.

All this having been said, it is now apparently Hanoi's turn to demonstrate that its ignorance of America's psychology and America's politics is almost equal to our ignorance of theirs. They are supposed to be among the most patient people on earth, but they couldn't wait to let the logic of the American withdrawal from Vietnam work its way. They felt they could smash their way through the Demilitarized Zone, and defy the "understanding" they knew we expected, even if they had not agreed to it themselves, and destroy the South Vietnamese without the massive intervention of American air power in the North.

This was an assumption and a prejudgment of Washington as great as Kennedy's or Johnson's.

assumptions in the earlier phases of the war. Leave aside the wisdom or unwisdom of the bombing of Hanoi and Haiphong—the main point in both cases is that war is unpredictable, and Hanoi, like Washington, misjudged the reaction.

Hanoi is now misconceiving the United States in other ways. It apparently thinks it can influence the outcome of the American presidential election if it can embarrass and even humiliate President Nixon, but it would have to smash his Vietnamization policy all the way and destroy or scatter the Saigon forces to do that, and this would be such a humiliation for the President that the American voters might very well rally to his support and re-elect him.

Public Opinion Battle

Hanoi's handling of the American prisoners of war is an even better illustration of its misjudgment of American psychology and its own best interests. Hanoi is trying to win the battle of American public opinion. It thinks the American people are sick of the war, which is right, and that they will act like the French people after Dien Bien Phu, which is wrong.

They seem to believe that holding the American prisoners is their trump card in winning their battle for American opinion, and forcing President Nixon to settle the war on their own terms, and one can understand their logic in historical terms.

Seldom, if ever, in the history of warfare have prisoners been released before the terms of peace have been arranged, but the Americans are funny people. They care more about the human problems than the political problems. And in the present situation, the guess here is that they will be more likely to get out of the war if the prisoners are released and safe conduct for the remaining 69,000 American soldiers is assured, than if Hanoi holds onto them as hostages and demands that Nixon knuckle under to their demands.

The attempt by Hanoi to win a classic victory on the battlefield and compel a settlement by holding the prisoners is probably as great a blunder as Kennedy's or Johnson's efforts to win power in the 1960s. The lesson of this war is that physical power has not worked for either side, and it is not going to end the conflict by bombing Hanoi or invading the Demilitarized Zone,

or holding the prisoners for blackmail.

The families of the American prisoners are now well-organized. They know better than anybody else that increasing the violence by a massive invasion of South Vietnam or by sending the E-52s against Hanoi and Haiphong is not going to settle anything, but merely keep their men in Hanoi's prisons.

If American opinion is Hanoi's objective—and it has been for a long time—its greatest opportunity is to release the American prisoners, not to the American government, but to their families, and guarantee the safe exit of the last few thousand American soldiers.

These are really the popular objectives of the American people, not the defense of the American government, or the democratization of South Vietnam, or the future strategic configuration of Asia and the Pacific. But Hanoi, at the end of the war, has misjudged America, as Washington misjudged North Vietnam at the beginning. And this is the ultimate tragedy, for America is ready for a settlement, if the politicians on both sides will only give it back its prisoners and its soldiers.

The Light and the Dark

By Anthony Lewis

WASHINGTON.—The beauty of spring in Washington is even more intense than remember. The sudden heat, the blossoms, the parks set out with flowers, the acres of marble and granite gleaming in the sun; it all suggests, as it was intended to, the freshness and promise of a new country.

But the physical setting seems so incongruous now, the symbolism so awry. For this is a city not of promise but of cynicism. Its politicians offer no faith to arouse their country or the world. They appeal to a mean self-interest, their narrow aim is to defend their own position.

In the week of this sudden, life-giving spring an American secretary of state testified for hours about the war in Vietnam without the slightest sign of awareness that American bombs kill Vietnamese when they are dropped: KILL people. Like a junior lawyer sent out to argue a hopeless case in whose framing he had no part, he fell back on pathetic attempts at banter or changed the subject when the hard questions were asked.

Bombing Rate

The secretary of defense whose planes have dropped more than one ton of bombs on Indochina for every minute of the Nixon administration accused the North Vietnamese of "marauding all over the countryside of Southeast

Asia." And he denounced the Soviet Union for lack of "restraint" in aiding North Vietnam—aid that amounts to perhaps one-seventh of what the United States is sending to South Vietnam.

In this same week of spring there was an event, little noted except by those intimately concerned with it, that sharpened the sense of loss in Washington. It was a memorial ceremony at the Supreme Court for Justice Black.

Distinguished lawyers spoke of Black's passion for the Constitution, his commitment to the American ideal of an open society, his dedication to the court. But the afternoon somehow became most meaningful when it dwelt on Hugo Black's humanity.

A former law clerk to the justice, Louis F. Oberdorfer, read out to the assembled members of the Supreme Court his tribute that they adopted as a memorial resolution. He spoke at one point of "The Greening of America," the book by Prof. Charles Reich of Yale, another onetime law clerk of Black.

Black had read the book, Oberdorfer said. In one passage Reich said dismissively that "Consciousness is a term for the original American view of society." He believed that the American dream is still possible and that success is determined by character, morality, hard work and self-discipline.

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PETER HALL.

Courbeville, France.

The Pressure On Nixon by War Critics

By W. F. Buckley Jr.

NEW YORK.—It would be good to be able to say that the bombing of North Vietnam had left the critics of Mr. Nixon speechless, but alas no. Veinously shut off, but never the appeasers. Their supply of funk is inexhaustible. The best that can be said about them is that they have been rendered incoherent.

Do you remember the argument that said there is no point in bombing North Vietnam because it doesn't do any good, all it does is fortify North Vietnamese resolution? Remember? The New York Times, April 17: "Only massive American bombing, including heavy raids in North Vietnam itself, enabled the South Vietnamese forces to halt the Communist advance." Suddenly we are told to believe that it has been the aerial intervention of the United States that has turned the tide.

Although the raids would appear to be the most obvious response to the "brave military aggression of the North Vietnamese," the critics of bombing reach for every conceivable excuse to find fault with the dutiful reaction of President Nixon.

'Postpones the End'

"America's involvement in the Vietnam war," says The New York Times, "cannot be satisfactorily ended until this country obtains the release of its prisoners of war. Every new air raid means more pilots shot down and captured. The number of American prisoners steadily grows. Thus, every raid not only brings death and devastation to Vietnam but postpones the end of the war."

Here is a gold mine of paradoxes: a) The more prisoners the North Vietnamese hold, the more anxious the United States is to give in return for the release of the prisoners. b) It is just as easy to release 1,000 prisoners as to release 500 prisoners. So that if the increase in U.S. prisoners, if it has any effect at all on the war, would tend to shorten, not lengthen it.

And now Sen. Humphrey crosses the line and joins the ranks of the opposition. At this writing it is not known whether he will vote for Sen. McGee's resolution calling for withdrawal under any circumstances, but the logic of his statements, if that is not over-generous, is in that direction. If we withdraw at this point, leaving the logistic initiative completely in the hands of the Soviet Union and Red China, then all will have been in vain.

The foreign critics are of course reliably one-sided. Of the 11,000 Swedes who paraded their recentment outside the American ambassador's residence in Sweden, not one is recorded to have objected to the use by North Vietnamese of Russian tanks to invade South Vietnamese villages. The new morality. One sometimes fantasizes that the Scandinavians have discovered some kind of sexual kick in criticizing the United States: A fetish of sorts that provides a kinky kind of stimulation.

The news carries the report of an observer who examined a Russian tank incapacitated just north of an A-Loe. He discovered that its dead North Vietnamese driver had been chained to his post. During the past three years it has been increasingly difficult to conscript South Vietnamese help for the North Vietnamese invaders. Manifestly it is becoming difficult to conscript North Vietnamese aid for the North Vietnamese invasion. It would be interesting to hear Sweden's Premier Palme discuss this aspect of the struggle, since he has so refined a nose for poignancy.

No Way of Coping

While greatly admiring President Nixon's resolution to hold the line, there is really no way of coping adequately with the thrust of some of his critics. Most of them are now pretty well committed to the notion of retreat, and most of those who now bewail the protracted war would have lashed out against President Kennedy or President Johnson if either of them had moved decisively to stop that war cold, saving the world the mountainous casualties which are the result of American ambiguity.

But the consistent critics—Barry Goldwater, for instance—are increasingly justified. What we attempted to do was to substitute a sort of social-political position for a military position. We refused, over the years, to neutralize the military threat. And so it rises again, and again, and will again, until it is put out of action.

Gain for Christian Democrats

Polls Show Neo-Fascist Slump in Italy

By Paul Hofmann
ROME, April 21 (NYT).—The neo-Fascist party, which had begun its campaign for the general elections next month with ostentatious confidence, seems worried now.

The rallies keep drawing large crowds, especially in southern Italy, but observers note that most of the people listening to orators are either retired officers and other older people or youngsters, many of them below voting age, 21 years.

The youngsters chant the movement's new battle song: "We are the defenders of our fatherland."

Which no longer has a flag. The Italian Social Movement, the parliamentary branch of neo-Fascism, is upset because several mass-circulation newspapers said

3 Bombs Explode At U.S. Embassy In Rome; 2 Held

ROME, April 21 (AP).—Three bombs went off in the courtyard of the U.S. Embassy here today, but they caused little damage and no injuries.

Police arrested two students who tried to flee the embassy after the explosions. They identified them as Pietro Corchia, 21, the son of an architect, and Giovanni Ferrucci, 19, the daughter of a Roman judge.

The bombs were believed to have been intended as a protest against the resumption of U.S. air attacks on North Vietnam.

They exploded in a courtyard where employees park their cars. One automobile was scratched.

magazines that were supporting it now exhort their readers to vote for the Christian Democratic party, Italy's governing force.

At the same time, some people were set to vote for the neo-Fascists a few weeks ago are having second thoughts. Public opinion polls still indicate that neo-Fascism will advance in the forthcoming elections but not to the extent assumed earlier this year.

Although the pollsters' figures vary widely, a trend seems to have been established: that the Christian Democratic party is going to lose votes to the neo-Fascists but not as many as had been widely assumed. The Christian Democrats have prepared over many of their factional quarrels, as they usually do during campaigns, and have said that under no circumstance would they accept the neo-Fascists as allies.

The neo-Fascist movement is particularly bitter about its loss of the support of Il Tempo, long the capital's leading rightist newspaper, which backs the

Italian Textile Workers In Four-Hour Strike

ROME, April 21 (Reuters).—More than 800,000 textile workers throughout Italy went on strike for four hours today, demanding government guarantees of employment and social and economic reforms.

Other strikes today involved workers in the national telephone service and nurses and ambulance drivers of Italy's Red Cross. Tomorrow, doctors are to strike over the competitive examinations for promotion in hospitals.

Christian Democrats now and warns that only Communism would stand to gain if they were weakened.

A staff writer for Il Tempo, Giuseppe Raci, is in prison on suspicion of having played a leading role in a rightist plot to engineer a series of bombings in 1968. Mr. Raci, a member of the neo-Fascist party's national directorate, is a candidate for parliament. If he is elected in the vote on May 7-9, he will be released from prison automatically under the constitution.

Two alleged accomplices, Giorgio Freda and Giovanni Venturi, are also in jail. The proceedings against them have damaged the neo-Fascist party's carefully nurtured reputation as a moderately nationalistic movement.

The three suspects were connected with an extremist movement, New Order, which broke away from the neo-Fascist party but has recently rejoined it. Some New Order groups are described as neo-Nazi; their publications have long had an anti-Semitic slant.

The neo-Fascist party, which disavows anti-Semitism, sides with Israel against the Arab countries. The party leader, Giorgio Almirante, has said repeatedly that the Fascist regime's racial legislation was a mistake.

A few members of the small Jewish community have backed the neo-Fascists. However, the Union of Italian Jewish Communities, in a recent statement, denounced them.

The Roman Catholic Church, a dominant force here, is actively supporting the Christian Democratic party, although some priests have shown sympathy for neo-Fascism.



Group of nuns walking past Rome's City Hall on Friday under city symbol of she-wolf giving suckle to the city's twin-founders, Romulus and Remus.

Rome Observes 2,725th Year Since Founding

ROME, April 21 (AP).—Rome today celebrated its 2,725th birthday with not a wolf in sight.

Some said that it was a sign of the times in a city deeply in debt. Others were indignant that the city fathers should forget Rome's founding father.

According to legend, the twins Romulus and Remus were set adrift on the Tiber in a reed basket. They were found and suckled by a mother wolf. Romulus killed his brother after their founding of Rome in 753 B.C.

For years, Rome kept one or two symbolic mother wolves and a Roman eagle in two cages near the city hall atop the Capitoline Hill.

The eagle is still there, although there has been some dispute whether it is an imperial eagle, symbol of the ancient Romans, or the smaller, darker Appennine bird.

For nearly a year, however, the wolf cage has been empty. A city spokesman said that one of the wolves had died and the other had been transferred to the city zoo, apparently for health reasons.

"We've been looking for a replacement but just haven't found a suitable one," the spokesman said.

Music in Italy

Trouble at the Rome Opera: 'Norma' as an Illustration

By William Weaver

ROME (NYT).—The Rome opera is in a bad position. The artistic director's contract has expired, apparently will not be renewed, and his successor has not yet been named. The soprano, Mario del Monaco, was an investigative Pollone 20 years ago; now he is outrageous. His posturing used to be tolerable, but only barely, when it was accompanied by exciting singing. The voice is now strained, nasal, and the tenor's rhythmic sense is worse than ever. He was almost always ahead of the orchestra, as he rushed towards some ringing high note that he could belt out for applause.

Wrong But Appealing
Though quite wrong for the role of Adalgisa, Mirella Parutto sang creditably. At least she has an appealing, warm voice. Bonaldo Giolitti, the Groves, also has a beautiful voice, but for some reason, he sang consistently too loud.

Oliviero de Fabritius is a veteran routine conductor, who managed to keep the performance together, no mean achievement. His conducting was unremarkable, but acceptable.

The soprano Anna Gambaro's sets and costumes reach the bonfire, the better. They are not only ugly, but also absurd.

In fairness, it must be said that the house was sold out; the tourist season in Rome is in full swing, and there was generous applause for her trials were nonexistent; and the timbre, whether in the hollow lower part

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PARIS 'Superstar' in French

By Thomas Quinn Curtiss

PARIS, April 21 (IHT).—The music of "Jesus Christ Superstar" has long made loud the local discotheques. Now the rock opera in French translation has opened at the Palais de Chaillot. The first-night audience received it coldly, but, as in New York, critical and public opinion may differ.

Annie Fargue, who successfully imported "Hair," "O. Calcutta!" and "Godspell" to France, engaged Victor Spinetti, the English actor-director, to stage "Jesus Christ Superstar" in Paris. This is just as both its librettist, Tim Rice, and its composer, Andrew Lloyd Webber, are British. Spinetti did not take the Broadway version as his model. Instead, he has mounted the production in the manner of a cabaret floor show. An orchestra remains in full view on the platform throughout, backed by a cathedral facade.

The performers come on—through a central entrance that breaks the ranks of the band—to take the spotlight for numbers. It is somewhat disconcerting that, though clad in Biblical costumes, Jesus, Mary Magdalene, Judas and Herod carry microphones, trailing long cords, and sing into them rather than to the auditorium or to their fellow players.

The Spinetti arrangement—aside from the jarring display of mikes—is sagacious theatrically. It has energy, definite design and the fluency is likely to improve with repetition. The accent is on the songs and dances, which are vivacious and novel. The production has range and variety and is forever on the go. There are solo scenes and ensembles and the cast enters into the proceedings enthusiastically. Everything is moved at the Palais de Chaillot except the audience.

So primitive is the dramaturgy

Daniel Beretta,
center (Jesus),
Farid Dail
(Judas),
Anne-Marie
David (Mary
Magdalene).

Kernone

that the script might have been written by a backwoods evangelist for his Sunday school students, but the preacher would certainly not have omitted—as Mr. Rice has—the Virgin and the Resurrection. Nor would he have had Jesus crooning "I would like to know why I must die," an addition to the scriptures that turns the whole concept into nonsense.

Spinetti has recruited a sound company of singers and dancers. Daniel Beretta as Jesus, Anne-Marie David as the ill-white Mary Magdalene, Farid Dail as Judas and René Deshauteurs as

the Herod who does some cake-walk steps in his ragtime mockery of the Saviour—perhaps the show's liveliest moment—succeed in being heard clearly and effectively above the din of over-amplification. Anthony Bowles conducts the orchestra expertly. There is an impressive lighting, though the tones are more music-hall than Rembrandt, the final image revealing the crucifixion in bluish diamond hues as though it were an ornament in a jeweler's window.

As someone remarked at the premiere: "Rock, yes. Opera, no."

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LONDON 'Big Wolf'—Müller's Gripping Look at War

By John Walker

LONDON, April 21 (IHT).—The German playwright Harald Müller's "Big Wolf," at the Royal Court, is a bleak, harrowing yet totally gripping play of the effects of a war on a group of homeless children, refugees with nowhere to go.

Across a ruined landscape, full of the useless waste-matter, the rotting junk of combat, move a group of teen-age boys, attempting to survive by imitating the only form of society they know, the hierarchical military structure.

There is Knife, the self-appointed leader, who drills his men in a hideous parody of the real thing, making decisions that alter nothing. Anson, his lieutenant, a pretty boy whose face is disfigured by a suppurating burn; and two others they pick up on the way: Clumper, who has had both legs inefficiently amputated, and Teddy, innocent and anxious to please. Their lives are given meaning by the pointlessness of playing at soldiers.

They play their game seriously, all the more so for their realization that it is a game, that their survival depends upon chance alone. In the play's most affecting scene, they find themselves

Michael Grady
and Michael
Kitchen in
Royal Court
production
of "Big Wolf."

John Haynes



caught up in fierce fighting and move cautiously through the battlefield crying: "Don't shoot. We're only children."

Their world is one that has much in common with the brutal and brutalized society found in the plays of Edward Bond, a writer Mr. Müller much admires. There is no room for pity. When they see a soldier die in agony, their interest is totally detached.

extending only to the act and not the person. The nearest Knife comes to showing affection for Clumper is when he examines the bandage round his rotting leg and remarks: "You're seeping through again." Survival depends upon not caring.

The production, by William Gaskill and Pam Brighton, is not for the squeamish. From the opening moment when Clumper pulls dead rats with a hammer, through violent death and mutilation, there are plenty of stomach-turning moments. The grim humor, the pity of it, and the stolid determination of the children to go on living make it an experience well worth enduring.

Inevitably, the actors look somewhat older than they should. Otherwise, the performances of Nigel Terry, Leon Vitali, Michael Kitchen, Michael Grady and Billy Hamon could not be better.

At the Young Vic, an excellent double-bill of Jean Genet's "The Maids" and "Deathwatch," has joined the repertory. "Deathwatch," Genet's first play, never really escapes from being a familiar and less forceful reiteration of his perverse fantasies about murderers and prisons.

Together in a cell are Green Eyes, who strangled a whore; Maurice, a young hut promising

criminal, and Lefranc, a failure who attempts to elevate himself to something approaching sainthood by killing Maurice. It is of interest mainly because, as Sartre pointed out, it has many similarities to "The Maids" with Green Eyes in the role of Madame, and Lefranc and Maurice as Solange and Claire.

Frank Dunlop's production emphasizes this by using the same actors—Nicky Henson, Andrew Robertson, and Richard Kane—for both plays. "The Maids" gains little by being played in drag, despite Mr. Kane's fascinating impersonation of Madame. But the play still exerts its power in its complex linking of the emotions of love and hate.

Alan Rossett's "High Time" at the Hampstead Theatre Club begins almost as a Jewish comedy version of Tennessee Williams, through a glass menagerie, with a camp son introducing us to his all-devouring mother and confused sister. Mr. Rossett manages some fairly good, if unoriginal, family jokes in his first act and but flounders miserably in the second. Not even the talented cast, that includes Miriam Karlin and Frances de la Tour, can make the by-now tiresome caricatures seem funny.

Music: Carlo Bergonzi Gives Recital in London

By Henry Pleasants

LONDON, April 21 (IHT).—Carlo Bergonzi gave his first London recital at Albert Hall last night and delighted everyone in a large audience, including, rather to my surprise, most of the critics. The exception was William Mann of the Times, who reported today that he "felt like an intruder from outer space."

His review suggested rather a 20th-century London music critic intruding upon a 19th-century recital by a world famous Italian operatic tenor. Bergonzi, although not yet 50, is a singer of the old school. He makes no concession to 20th-century fashion, either in the choice of repertoire, in the building of a program, or in his manner of singing.

That's what makes an evening like this so treasurable. One enjoys—at least I do—even the stylistic anachronisms. There, at the beginning of the program, for example, was "Tosca" by Paolo Tosti (1846-1916) side by side with "Gis, I Sole dal Gange," by Alessandro Scarlatti (1659-1725). And there were the arias from "L'Africaine" and "Mignon"—sung in Italian. No matter, Bergonzi knows only one way to sing, and that is in the Italian style of the late 19th and early 20th centuries. And this he does better than any male singer now before the public.

To those of us nurtured on the voices and the vocal art of Gigli

and Schipa, he revives memories of the best of each. Younger listeners—and there were lamentably few on hand—can learn from him how it used to be before conductors, coaches, stage directors, and critics succeeded in imposing German and Anglo-Saxon notions of stylistic propriety upon the performance of 19th-century Italian music.

The voice has not quite the sheen or power of Gigli's, nor the ultimate refinements of which Schipa's voice was capable. But he is a more tasteful, more subtle singer than Gigli was, and with far more concern for the felicities of the Italian language. He is more forceful, when need be, than Schipa, and he rivals Schipa in fastidiousness of enunciation. He is, in a word, a superb vocalist.

He sang last night as if for a party of friends, sauntering casually back and forth across the stage, addressing first one side, then the other, of the vast auditorium. He gestulated without inhibition, and the gestures were conventionally semaphoric, appropriately old-fashioned.

He closed with eight Neapolitan songs, all dating from the turn of the century, and he sang them as to the manner born, although he is not a Neapolitan. Then came the encores, with the din of shouted requests drowning out his—quite superfluous—announcements of what they would be. It was that kind of evening. They don't happen often any more—and the more the pity.

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Around the European Galleries

London

Shawn Dorian Galleries, 71 Portchester Place, Marble Arch, London W.2, to April 28. Shawn, as I said about his first exhibition two years ago, is as a bird this or a day. Children, flowers, portraits, sometimes gay, sometimes sad, or something in between, live in Shawn's after each beautifully composed and brilliantly colored. This show is even better than the first.

British Artists from the Financial Times Collection, Brod Galleries, 24 St. James's St., London S.W.1, to April 28. The Financial Times is one of a few British organizations to patronize the arts in a transatlantic scale. Since 1959, it has been assembling, purely at the personal choice of its directors, a collection of contemporary paintings and graphics to enhance its offices and board rooms. Judging by the 40,000 show here, the selections have been very good—but this is not surprising, since they include Lord Robbins, some of the best of the Tate and National Galleries; Patrick Gilpin, prospective chairman of the Arts Council of Great Britain; and the Earl of Drogheda, chairman of the Royal Opera House and governor of the Royal Ballet.

Victorian & Edwardian Decorative Art, Royal Academy of Arts, Burlington House, Piccadilly, London W.1, to April 30. Charles and Lady Hamilton-Baker made a vast collection of Gothic revival and art nouveau

objects—jewelry, furniture, paintings, sculpture, book bindings, tableware. As a memorial to them (both died last year) the academy has mounted a show of the major part of their collection, nearly 800 items. This is a must for the Victorian and Edwardian fanatics.

Terry Dorman, Nicholas Treadwell Gallery, 38 Chiltern St., London W.1, to April 23. "The dreamer," writes Dorman in a catalogue note, "is the holder of truth; the believer of myths and the artist of legends." Delving into a mythical past, he brings to the surface of these marvellously colored and textured paintings archetypes and symbols which relate the remote past to the distant future.

Anthony Christian-Howard, Has-

lett Gallery, 4 Ryder St., St. James's, London S.W.1, to April 28. Christian-Howard is a draftsman in the classical tradition. This exhibition of his recent work—sketches of drapery, plants, hands and nudes and a number of portrait drawings—shows his continuing mastery of line.

Ivan Hitchens, Rutland Gallery, 29 Bruton St., London W.1, to May 10. Entitled "Landscape into Abstract," this collection of 41 paintings by the veteran Ivan Hitchens is one of the best-arranged and catalogued exhibitions to be seen in London for some time. Larger than the York Festival show of Hitchens and smaller than the retrospective at the Tate Gallery, it is nicely calculated to show the artist at

his best, which is considerable. And the catalogue, with acute observations by Hitchens himself, coupled with aphorisms on the nature of painting by Cross, Van Rysselberghe, Van de Velde, Picasso, Klee, Mondrian and Matisse, makes this an exhibition to be studied and re-studied by any interested in the arts of seeing and expressing.

Canadian Watercolorists of the 19th Century, Canada House, Trafalgar Square, London S.W.1, to May 5. Arranged round a nucleus of work by members of the Ontario Society of Artists, this collection shows how the tradition of watercolor painting, assimilated from Europe, found new inspiration in the North America of the 1870s and 1880s. Most of the artists were British or Irish immigrants, though C. S. Millard and Lucius O'Brien were Canadian-born. Most of the 30 works are of the Canadian landscape.

Odilon Roche, Galerie Lear, 54 Rue du Faubourg Saint-Honoré, Paris 8, to May 6. A Saint-Tropez picture framer, looking for eggs in a neighbor's hen-house last summer, came upon a carton containing a large number of watercolors and drawings, some of them strongly reminiscent of Rodin's free-hand watercolor of nude figures. As it turned out what he had found was what remains of the work of Odilon Roche, a familiar figure in Saint Tropez in the years between the wars, a friend of writers and artists, of Auric, Colette and Coco Chanel, and something of an eccentric who went around in Oriental robes and a turban the also sported a white beard that went well with this get-up. Roche had fallen under the spell of Rodin (it was he who undertook the catalogue of Rodin's work after the sculptor's death in 1917, and the job

work is raw, direct, unadorned, and clean as an Arctic wind. This is an exhibition of recent paintings.

Jimmy Ernst, Galerie Lucie Weill, 6 Rue Bonaparte, Paris 6, to May 12. The human mind sometimes works in irritating patterns, for instance, "knowing that Jimmy Ernst is the son of Max, it starts looking for an 'air de famille' in the painting. Beyond a good mastery of the craft there is not much to find by way of resemblance. Ernst's paintings present a blend of quasi-musical structuring with a sort of fingertip sensitivity, a clever elegance. Big somewhat geometric figures are as it were, upholstered with a variety of tactile possibilities that he suggests in the use of fluffy or wiry touches, for instance. This is the first Paris exhibition of his work.

Jozeffowicz, Galerie Lambert, 14 Rue Saint-Louis-en-l'Île, Paris 4, to April 22. This is a curious, uneven blend of surrealism, the world of science-fiction and reminiscences of Flemish painters, like Van Eyck and Bosch. Jozeffowicz makes use of the possibilities of cosmic narrative offered by the trip. His approach is that of a minimalist and he can bring off some successful visions of

took him 10 years) and much of his work reflects his debt to this master. The work shown at the Galerie Lear reveals that Roche is at his best when drawing a female nude. There is an easy-going quality in what he does, and a certain unevenness of talent that appears according to the subject he is handling.

Bazaine, Galerie Maeght, 12 Rue de Téhéran, Paris 8, to May 12. Jean Bazaine's recent work, including 14 tachiste oils and a series of 12 watercolors. The oils have a darkness in their colors that is not made up by other qualities. The watercolors have an agreeable openness and looseness in their form.

—MICHAEL GIBSON.

unquiet dreams, but he too readily yields to the temptation of pretensions and this gives his dreamy vision a sometimes rather saccharine preciosity.

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The Art Market: Sloppy System, Successful Sales

By Susan Melikian

PARIS, April 21 (UPI)—In spite of the talk of economic pressure and strong competition from abroad, the French auction pattern is main disorganized.

The majority of sales—about two thirds—still offer a mixed bag of articles, such as one finds in a private house or apartment, from framed engravings to furniture and rugs.

In London, if you want to buy, you go to the auction, you find the porcelain sales held at Christie's and Sotheby's. Catalogues used at least two weeks in advance give a detailed description of every lot.

In Paris, you have to attend the Drouot sales virtually every day. Only very poor auctions are devoted entirely to one category of goods with an illustrated catalogue; this happens three or four times a year. Most of the time, you get a ten set here, a sugar bowl there—occasionally a very good one, of course—with no catalogue at all.

Typical Case

An auction conducted Wednesday by Maître J.P. Bondu was typical case. About 60 lots were being sold at 2 p.m., the time when Drouot sales usually start. There was no catalogue, the only advance warning to prospective buyers were posters on the walls of the auction house itself and unrelenting brief announcements in the French press: "Works of art, 18th and 19th century, light statures, furniture, rugs."

On this particular occasion, there was a typed list of porcelain lots but there appeared to be only three copies, one for the auctioneer, another for the expert and a third somewhere in the room but I failed to find it. Theoretically it could have been consulted by potential buyer if he knew it existed and then got his hands on it. Paradoxically, for an auction which had not been advertised, the expert was Georges Bérard, a well-known specialist in French 18th and 19th-century porcelain. According to French sales procedure, he sat behind a small table at the bottom of the podium reserved for the auctioneer and his clerks; the lots were shown to him one by one by the Hôtel Drouot commissioners and then described by him.

The large room was packed, and almost exclusively by professionals—that is, dealers, agents of dealers and peddlers from the flea market. People were standing behind the eight rows of seats and seven sitting on the "chaises," a sort of ledge running along the walls of the whole room. To get into the room after the sale had started was a feat beyond the layman's capacity.

Ups and Downs

The auction began with a few Far Eastern lots. The ups and downs of prices reflected the traditional organization of such sales, here was a beautiful jade bowl carved with lotus petals, probably 18th century, which was knocked down at 550 francs, one third of its market value in London. Then came a few more lots—three crystal seals of undetermined origin and a belt buckle for 350 francs; a rock-crystal die engraved with the signs of the zodiac on its 12

facets, probably German, early 19th century, for 495 francs. Next, a Peking glass bowl of a light-green hue imitating the color of jade was laid on the block. It was a 19th-century work of art, rare because of its unusual bean-like shape and perfect condition. Two long-haired gentlemen began bidding. At 3,000 francs, a more unlikely customer, a woman of 22 or 23, chimed in. She got it at 6,250 francs after fierce competition with a bespectacled man in a brown suit. A handsome price for the seller's viewpoint.

Prices remained whimsical when the European porcelain came up. A charming pair of bowls, shaped as wooden buckets and containing porcelain lilies-of-the-valley from Berlin and late 18th century, made 278 francs. One of the bowls had been broken and mended, but a single piece is worth just about the price bid. An 18th-century Italian (from Doccia) harlequin figure went to a dealer for 1,956 francs, about half its value on the Italian market.

A pair of vases "in the manner of Chantilly," 19th century, as the expert carefully specified, stressing the fact that they were not 18th century, came up. They were decorated in the so-called Korean taste, which would have made them highly desirable had they been of the right period. They were mounted in horrid gilt metal, typical of the late 19th century, which further stressed their bad quality. But at such sales, there are always people who like to think that they have spotted a bargain. The verdict of one of them was 9,850 francs.

Real Bargain

Just after that came a real bargain: 15 small baluster-shaped vases ("vase Médicis") filled with flowers in the 18th-century "pâte tendre." These went to Levy-Lacaze, one of the best dealers in the field.

A series of third-rate lots followed: a nice 18th-century horn from Sévres which unfortunately had a bad chip at the rim, several 19th-century figures in the manner of the 18th century. They all went for absurdly high prices, from 1,500 francs to 3,000. The most striking case of all was a pair of guinea fowls. The expert laid them on the block, emphasizing their late period (19th century) and poor condition. They had been restored in several places and painted over glaze. That should have been enough to kill the two birds; instead, they soared to 5,300 francs, boosted by the unquenchable thirst of some interior decorators for birds of all feather.

Finally, for the patient buyer, came an opportunity: a couple of beautiful seal-shaped bowls in 18th-century Meissen porcelain, which went for 1,500 francs. On a more modest scale, a set of six tiny cups made in Meissen at the end of the 18th century, with two more of the same pattern but bearing a Viennese mark, were knocked down at 556 francs—a record low price for fine, genuine 18th-century porcelain.

The question arises whether this French-type sale is commercially justified. Contrary to all expectations, it turns out to be pragmatically shrewd. The overall figure of the porcelain sale must have been satisfactory to the seller. Good stuff sold badly, but shoddy goods went for much fanatical prices that the apparently sloppy selling system was entirely justified.

At the same time, it leaves a number of problems for the real connoisseur who might chance by. On second thought, one might do worse.

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BUSINESS

INTERNATIONAL
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FINANCE

Published with The New York Times and The Washington Post
PARIS, SATURDAY-SUNDAY, APRIL 22-23, 1972

Page 11

Japan to Ease
Controls on
Convertibility

Ministry Acts to Cut
Buildup of Reserves

TOKYO, April 21 (AP-DJ)—The Japanese Finance Ministry announced today that the country's foreign currency convertibility will be modified early May to permit Japanese companies and individuals to hold foreign currency. At present, except for authorized foreign exchange banks, shipping companies, insurance agencies and trading companies, Japanese accumulating foreign currency must surrender it to the bank of Japan in exchange for yen within one month. The change will not bring out free resident convertibility, foreign currency deposits will be limited only for funds Japanese earn through transactions with foreigners, the ministry said. The modification of the ordinance, a pillar of the post-war change control system, was delayed upon as one measure to help reduce the apparent size of a country's accumulation of foreign currency. In another move, the Finance Ministry decided to permit residents and citizens to purchase foreign unlisted securities within a couple of weeks. This will also help reduce Japan's growing foreign currency reserve, which totaled \$16.6 billion on March 31, officials added. The Ministry also said that its listing restraint upon the purchase of beneficiary certificates of foreign mutual funds will be moved within this year.

One Dollar—

LONDON (AP-DJ)—The late of closing interest rates for the dollar on the major international exchanges, April 21, 1972.

Item (per cent)	Today	Previous
3-month bill	44.17-28	44.16
6-month bill	44.11-13	44.11-14
12-month bill	44.11-13	44.11-14
3-month note	44.11-13	44.11-14
6-month note	44.11-13	44.11-14
12-month note	44.11-13	44.11-14
3-month swap	44.11-13	44.11-14
6-month swap	44.11-13	44.11-14
12-month swap	44.11-13	44.11-14
3-month forward	44.11-13	44.11-14
6-month forward	44.11-13	44.11-14
12-month forward	44.11-13	44.11-14
3-month futures	44.11-13	44.11-14
6-month futures	44.11-13	44.11-14
12-month futures	44.11-13	44.11-14

FINANCIAL NEWS AND NOTES

AEG Cuts Payout, Plans Issue

AEG-Telefunken has proposed a 1971 dividend of 5 deutsche marks per 50-mark share, down from 6 marks in 1970, and announced plans for a 24-million DM per stock increase. Profit for 1971 was not stated, but company officials have previously said that it can be expected below the 101-million DM after-tax profit for 1970. The new stock will be offered to shareholders at 100 DM per 50-DM share. Holders of seven common shares are entitled to purchase one new share. For holders of the 6.5 percent convertible debenture issue of 1966, the offering is 1 to 21 and for holders of the 1969 6 percent debenture, the offering rate is 1 to 28, the company says.

London Market Warns on IOS Unit

The London Stock Exchange says it has written to all member firms expressing concern about the custodianship of the cash assets of International Investment Trust (IIT), an offshore fund run by IOS Ltd. The report said the move was prompted by the withdrawal of Swissische Kreditanstalt as custodian and the application by Overseas Development Bank for permission of the Luxembourg authorities to take over the custodianship. The stock exchange also wrote to the Luxembourg exchange, where IIT is domiciled, warning that if any change in the custodian takes place without unit holders' approval, the London exchange would be compelled to prohibit its members from dealing in IIT units.

Record Auto Catalyst Endurance

Chrysler Corp. reports a record for catalyst endurance in its efforts to reduce air pollution from auto emissions. It says a catalyst made by Engelhard Minerals & Chemicals Corp. lasted for 43,000 miles on one of its vehicles, and at the end of its test run was operating within the U.S. government's emission ceilings for 1975.

Mounties Seek Hughes Aide
On Mine Fraud Allegations

MONTREAL, April 21 (AP-DJ)—A criminal warrant for the arrest of Howard Hughes, chief of Howard Hughes' personal staff and chairman and president of Pan American Mines, has been signed by Montreal municipal judge Herman Primeau. Late yesterday the court asked the Royal Canadian Mounted Police to go to Mr. Hughes' top-floor enclave at the Bayshore Inn in Vancouver, British Columbia, where Mr. Hughes was believed to have been staying. However, it was learned that he was in Phoenix, conferring with his lawyers. The warrant was sworn out on the testimony of Albert R. Dupuis, a Montreal accountant who is a former vice-president and currently a director of Pan American Mines. He is leading

a committee of dissident shareholders that, he says, "wants to get the company operating again." A second warrant issued by Judge Primeau named Floyd R. Bleak, a Pan American Mines vice-president. Mr. Dupuis's lawyer says he plans actions leading to other arrests and will seek extradition of Mr. Bleak, a U.S. citizen, and Mr. Eckerley. The warrants charged the two men with fraud, publishing a false prospectus and conspiracy to do both in connection with the issue of a Pan American Prospectus dated June 3, 1971. Thomas L. Palmer, Mr. Eckerley's lawyer, said in a phone interview from Phoenix, "There has been no fraud on the part of Mr. Eckerley or Mr. Bleak." The company's operations have been at a standstill ever since it became the center of a massive investigation into the entire Quebec securities industry late last year. Trading in the company's shares, which soared when word got around that Howard Hughes was supposedly involved, was halted last November on the Canadian Stock Exchange. The stock was delisted in February.

Nestlé Profit
Rises 0.05%

VEVEY, Switzerland, April 21 (AP-DJ)—Nestlé Alimentana consolidated net profit rose only 0.05 percent last year although sales increased 44 percent. The foods concern said today profit was \$37 million, Swiss francs (\$14 million), only 3 million more than in 1970. Sales were 14.7 billion francs, up from 10.2 billion francs in 1970. The sales gain mainly resulted from the consolidation of two acquisitions. Nestlé said the outlook for 1972 is promising. The company raised its dividend to 60 francs a share from the previous 55 francs.

Thomson-Brandt Net Up
PARIS, April 21 (Reuters)—Cie. Francaise Thomson-Houston-Hotchkiss-Brandt net profit rose a sharp 59.6 percent last year, the electrical and electronic equipment producer said today. Net earnings were 59.7 million francs (\$11.7 million), up from 37.4 million francs in 1970. The company proposed a total dividend of 8.90 francs, up from the previous 6 francs.

Olivetti Profit Down
IVREA, Italy, April 21 (AP-DJ)—Olivetti's net profit tumbled 48.9 percent last year although group sales rose 6.9 percent, the office equipment producer said today. Profits were 2.7 billion lire (\$6.4 million), down from 6.6 billion lire in 1970. The company proposed a dividend of 70 lire per preferred share and 50 lire per ordinary share, compared with the 85 lire paid on both classes in 1970. Olivetti said group sales last year were 494 billion lire.

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U.S. Prices
Hold Steady
During March

Firm Consumer Index
Is First Since 1966

WASHINGTON, April 21 (Reuters)—The cost of living in the United States held steady last month, and for the first time since November 1966, the seasonally-adjusted consumer price index showed no increase, the Labor Department reported today. The news followed a 0.5 percent rise in the index in February. However, on the unadjusted basis, the index advanced 0.2 percent last month in 124 percent of its 1967 base, following a 0.5 percent February increase. The Bureau of Labor Statistics said most of the unadjusted increase for March occurred through higher property taxes and higher prices for clothing, eggs, beef, and restaurant meals.

Food Prices Slow
The rise in seasonally-adjusted food prices slowed markedly to 0.2 percent from 1.7 percent in February, but the price level for adjusted commodities less food climbed 0.3 percent to reverse a 0.1 percent February decline. The price level for services, shown on an unadjusted basis only, rose 0.2 percent, the same rate as in February.

The bureau said the seasonally-adjusted annual rate of increase in the seven first months of the stabilization program—including the freeze—was 2.8 percent. Commenting on the figures, Martin Whitman, of the Council of Economic Advisors, said the food price result should reduce consumer pressure for the most stringent type of controls proposed for raw agricultural products.

She emphasized that food prices are volatile, but said administration economists believed beef prices at the retail level would be reduced in April as a result of the decline in March wholesale beef prices. The bureau said the seasonally-adjusted annual rate of increase in the seven first months of the stabilization program—including the freeze—was 2.8 percent. Commenting on the figures, Martin Whitman, of the Council of Economic Advisors, said the food price result should reduce consumer pressure for the most stringent type of controls proposed for raw agricultural products.

Fed Speeds Pace
Of Money Supply
Growth in Month

NEW YORK, April 21 (NYT)—The pace of monetary expansion accelerated over the last four weeks, the Federal Reserve reported yesterday.

The monetary base, the total of money that the Fed and the Treasury supply to the economy, averaged \$24.2 billion in the four weeks ended Wednesday.

At this level, the base—much larger than the money supply—had increased at a seasonally-adjusted, compound annual rate of 12.9 percent in the last two months, more than triple the 3.6 percent rate of expansion during the second half of 1971.

Other monetary aggregates, which measure differing aspects of the availability of funds in the economy, showed similar if less spectacular trends. The money supply, for example, averaged \$24.3 billion in the four weeks ended April 12, which represented a 10.9 percent rate of growth (also seasonally-adjusted and compounded) against a 6.1 percent growth rate in the last six months and 6.3 percent in the last year.

According to economists at First National City Bank, during March and April Fed operations appear to have been "cleverly geared to money market targets—at the expense of an inflationary rate of increase in bank reserves and the money supply."

Stocks Dip on Fund Cash-In News

NEW YORK, April 21 (NYT)—A recurring nemesis of the current bull market—record net redemptions of mutual fund shares—joined New York Stock Exchange prices today and transformed a winning session into a loser. The market rose briskly during the morning, helped by the higher short interest figures released after the close of trading yesterday and by favorable news on the inflation front. The Labor Department reported that the consumer price index held unchanged in March.

At noon, thanks to these factors, the Dow Jones industrial average was up 3.2 and hovered just below 970. Then, within minutes, the bad news about mutual funds hit Wall Street. From noon onward, the Dow industrials began to drop, ending at 963.80 with a loss of 2.49. Volume held to an active pace of 18.2 million shares.

IBM also gave ground, dropping 2 3/4 to 385. Superior Oil, however, climbed 6 3/4 to 276 for no new apparent reason. Procter & Gamble dropped 1 1/8 to 90 1/4, but Simplicity Pattern rose 1 1/2 to 152, and International Telephone also 1 1/2 to 55 3/4.

The Big Board's most active issue, Republic Corp., rose 3/8 to 9 3/8. Three weeks ago, the stock closed at 5 1/8, but since then an

article in the Wall Street Journal described the company's return to profitability. Polaroid, down 3 1/2 to 125 1/8, and Natamox, off 2 1/2 to 71, were among the bigger glamour losers. Texas Instruments, up 6 to 149 3/4, posted one of the largest gains in that sector. Pan American World Airways, which reported a larger first-quarter loss than a year ago, dipped 1 1/4 to 34.

Shakespeare Co. fell 7/8 to 12 5/8, after being traded as low as 11 5/8 during the day. The market rose briskly during the morning, helped by the higher short interest figures released after the close of trading yesterday and by favorable news on the inflation front. The Labor Department reported that the consumer price index held unchanged in March.

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New Orders for Durable Goods
In U.S. Edge Upward in March

WASHINGTON, April 21 (Reuters)—New orders for durable goods edged up \$1 billion in March to a seasonally-adjusted \$34.556 billion, reversing February's downward-revised \$440-million decline, the Commerce Department reported today. The March backlog of unfilled orders climbed \$71 million to \$77.349 billion after gaining \$495 million in February. Shipments of durable goods moved up \$274 million to \$24.257 billion following a \$440-million February advance.

The Census Bureau said new orders for transportation equipment fell 6.3 percent while orders for primary metals increased by 5.9 percent. Appliance Shipments Drop Meanwhile factory shipments of major home appliances declined 1 percent in March but recorded an overall gain of 13 percent for the 1972 first quarter on a year-to-year basis, the Association of Home Appliance Manufacturers said in Chicago today. March shipments totaled 2,726,100 units, down 1 percent from the record 2,747,300 units in the same month a year ago. Shipments for the first three months of 1972 rose 13 percent to 7,675,700 appliances from 6,776,900 units a year ago, it said.

Company Reports

Time		1971	1972
First Quarter	Revenue (millions)	142.4	135.7
	Profits (millions)	4.22	2.74
	Per Share	0.58	0.22
W. R. Grace		1971	1972
First Quarter	Revenue (millions)	523.8	452.9
	Profits (millions)	8.94	7.07
	Per Share	0.22	0.28
Westinghouse Electric		1971	1972
First Quarter	Revenue (millions)	134.2	130.0
	Profits (millions)	3.11	5.74
	Per Share	0.64	1.27
Western Union		1971	1972
First Quarter	Revenue (millions)	114.0	81.4
	Profits (millions)	6.9	4.8
	Per Share	0.51	0.45
Weyerhaeuser		1971	1972
First Quarter	Revenue (millions)	241.0	285.0
	Profits (millions)	32.2	20.7
	Per Share	0.45	0.20
Babcock & Wilcox		1971	1972
First Quarter	Revenue (millions)	246.7	235.9
	Profits (millions)	5.66	5.22
	Per Share	0.46	0.42
Sargent & Lundy		1971	1972
First Quarter	Revenue (millions)	527.0	482.0
	Profits (millions)	14.2	13.1
	Per Share	0.47	0.43
Bristol-Myers		1971	1972
First Quarter	Revenue (millions)	280.9	270.8
	Profits (millions)	14.61	21.52
	Per Share	0.45	0.63
Kennecott Copper		1971	1972
First Quarter	Revenue (millions)	18.4	33.9
	Profits (millions)	1.84	3.39
	Per Share	0.55	1.02
New York Times		1971	1972
First Quarter	Revenue (millions)	78.9	70.3
	Profits (millions)	2.42	2.26
	Per Share	0.21	0.24
Pan Am		1971	1972
First Quarter	Revenue (millions)	270.0	253.2
	Profits (millions)	30.91	33.23
	Per Share	0.77	0.67
Fullman		1971	1972
First Quarter	Revenue (millions)	183.36	154.02
	Profits (millions)	4.1	1.73
	Per Share	0.85	0.37
SCM		1971	1972
First Quarter	Revenue (millions)	256.5	209.6
	Profits (millions)	1.4	0.69
	Per Share	0.15	0.07
Standard Oil N.J.		1971	1972
First Quarter	Revenue (millions)	5,619.0	5,181.0
	Profits (millions)	355.0	374.0
	Per Share	1.58	1.67

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Investment Management - Incorporated 1936

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Stock of the Month Club

Average Increase 115%

- The Stock of the Month Club concentrates on supplying its members with one recommendation per month of a stock listed on the New York market.
- The average increase for 22 regular SOMC recommendations has been 115%.
- The Stock of the Month Club does not only advise its members when to buy, but also, which is even more important, when to sell.
- Our last recommendations have been:

Month	Recommendation	Recommendation at 4-20-72	Closing price at 4-20-7
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International Bonds Traded in Europe

PEANUTS

GUESS WHAT I JUST DID

I JUST LISTENED TO PART OF AN OPERA ON THE RADIO

I SURPRISED MYSELF... I KIND OF LIKED IT

I'LL BET IF I LISTENED ENOUGH, I COULD BECOME A REAL OPERETTA

B.C.

SINGING TELEGRAM.

HAPPY BIRTHDAY TO YOU, A HAPPY BIRTHDAY TO YOU, A HAPPY BIRTHDAY TO YOU, A HAPPY BIRTHDAY TO YOU!

...IT'S FROM YOUR MOM.

MOM NEVER COULD CARRY A TUNE.

L.I.L. ABNER

AND, HOT HOT, IF YOU LIKED THAT JOKE OF VULGARILLA'S, WAIT 'LL YOU HEAR THIS ONE—

MAH FAMBLY WON'T HEAR IT!!

THEM LIL' VERNYNS DIDN'T WANTA SAVE SLOBOVIA FUM VULGARILLA—THEY WANTED TO EXPOSE TH' WHOLE WORLD TO HIM!!

HAVE FAITH IN TH' GOOD TASTE O' TH' AVERAGE AMERICAN, SON!!—ONLY TH' LOWEST TYPES WILL TUNE IN VULGARILLA!!

YAK! YAK! YAK!!

BEETLE BAILEY

HOW'S THE TEAM GOING TO DO THIS YEAR, GARGES?

WHY DID YOU LOOK AT ME LIKE THAT?

EVERYBODY'S BACK FROM LAST YEAR

OH.

MIS PEACH

FRANCINE...

YES?

MAY I INTERRUPT YOUR THOUGHTS FOR A MINUTE?

YES!

I'VE GOT A THOUGHT ABOUT TODAY.

YES..?

"TODAY IS A BEAUTIFUL DAY!"

NO!

YOU ALWAYS AGREE WITH ME UNTIL I SAY SOMETHING...

BUZ SAWYER

WOTTA YOU GING DOWN HERE?

JUST NOSIN' AROUND, FRANKY.

YEAH, WE HEAR YOUR BUNKS MANSION IS FILLED WITH GOODIES.

I EETCHA DEVIS TWO TRUCKLOADS OF STUFF.

WOW! AND WE HEAR THERE'S A HIDDEN SAFE FULL OF MONEY.

NAH, JUST A FEW STOCKS AND BONDS.

AH... YOU OPENED IT? YOU DIDN'T STEAL 'EM?

MAYBE YOU COULD OPEN IT AGAIN, FRANKY?

WIAZARD OF ID

I NEED YOUR HELP, THE KING IS NOT WELL!

OH GREAT SPIRIT, IN THE VAT, TELL US WHAT WILL DRAGGALLY IMPROVE THE KING'S HEALTH!

SPUTTER SPUTTER

A FIFTY DOLLAR OFFICE FEE.

REX MORGAN M.D.

THE TRUTH IS THAT YOU WANTED ME TO TAKE THE SABBATHAL SO THAT I WOULDN'T EMBARRASS YOU OR THE UNIVERSITY, ROBERT—YOU REALLY BELIEVED WHAT AN ANONYMOUS PHONE CALLER TOLD YOU ABOUT ME?

THAT'S NOT TRUE, ALEX.

MEANWHILE, YES, JUNE—BUT HE'S WITH A STUDENT, MAY I HAVE HIM CALL YOU BACK?

YES—AND HAVE HIM CALL AS SOON AS POSSIBLE! IT'S RATHER URGENT!

POGO

HEIGHO, MR. BEAVER, MAKIN' SPAGHETTI?

NO, POGO, I'M GIVIN' THE WORK FAMILY A BATH!

OGG! HOW CAN YOU HANG 'EM UP BY THEIR NECKS THAT WAY?

OH, THAT END AIN'T OUR NECK, SON.

RIP KIRBY

SO RAPASON ONCE MADE TEMPER'S UNCLE TAKE THE RAP ON A STOCK FRAUD. THAT MONEY COULDN'T LAST FOREVER, HE MUST HAVE OTHER MEALS...

HE'S STOPPING FOR A LIGHT, JOHNNY.

PULL UP BESIDE HIM.

MOVE OVER!

WHILE KIRBY PONDERS A VITAL QUESTION...

BLONDIE

I'M ERNIE THE HANDYMAN

HE SAYS HE CAN FIX ANYTHING AROUND THE HOUSE THAT'S BROKEN

SORRY, DEAR... TELL HIM WE DON'T HAVE ANYTHING THAT NEEDS FIXING

WELL, CAN'T WE BREAK SOMETHING? HE NEEDS THE WORK

DENNIS THE MENACE

THAT RAIN DIDN'T HURT NOTHIN', MOM. EVERYTHING I GOT ON IS WASH 'N WEAR!

JUMBLE—that scrambled word game

Unscramble these four Jumbles, one letter to each square, to form four ordinary words.

YOULS

NYVER

LUTER

OILNAB

Now arrange the circled letters to form the surprise answer, as suggested by the above cartoon.

ON THE

Yesterday's Jumbles: DOUBT PRINT CABANA POETIC

Answer: This might stop people reading cloud for the moment—A PERIOD

BOOKS

THE SAVAGE GOD A Study of Suicide

By A. Alvarez. Random House, 299 pp. \$7.95.

Reviewed by Christopher Lehmann-Haupt

To write a book about suicide; to make it brief and pungent, and yet to say something fresh on an exhausted subject; to entertain us without merely telling us tales from the crypt; to mix a personal reminiscence that comes dangerously close to literary scavenging with a Ripley's freak show of unusual deaths and a literary study that borders on contrivance, and then to make of them the very kind of serious art that the book is meanwhile groping to define; in short, to write a book about suicide and to transform the subject into something beautiful—this is the forbidding task that A. Alvarez set for himself in writing "The Savage God." And though it appears in the reading to have been a risky venture from beginning to end—a juggling of meat cleavers in the name of art—I think that Mr. Alvarez has succeeded.

Here are just some of the gambles he has taken. He grabs our attention at the start with a grisly little story about a physics master he knew at school who "was continually talking in a jocular way about suicide." One day this teacher amused his students by remarking "mildly that anyone cutting his throat should always be careful to put his head in a sack first, otherwise he would leave a terrible mess." When the class ended, "the physics master cycled straight home, put his head in a sack and cut his throat. There was a mess. I was tremendously impressed." We too are impressed, but we are also shocked and a little apprehensive about the sensibilities at work here.

Hardly have we recovered from this opening when we are immersed in a detailed and intimate reminiscence of the last days of Sylvia Plath. Alvarez met the precocious American poet in London when he was poetry editor of The Observer and she was still living with her husband, Ted Hughes. Alvarez saw much of her in the months before her suicide, listened to and discussed her poetry with her, and dimly perceived the box into which she was driving herself.

It is a poignant and perceptive account he offers us (he believes that she did not intend to die, that she had arranged the odds on the side of her survival, but that she was the victim of bad luck), yet we can't help wondering if he doesn't let himself off too lightly for not heeding her unconscious pleas for help. (To have done otherwise, he writes, "would have meant accepting responsibilities I didn't want and couldn't in my own depression, have coped with.")

Next we relax into a historical summary of social attitudes toward suicide from the time of the ancient Greeks up to the end of the 19th century; then a review and rebuttal of major fallacies concerning suicide (those who talk about it don't do it, and so forth); then an exploration of theories to explain its motives.

But why do we find Alvarez's treatment so entertaining? Why are we actually amused by the case of the physical perfectionist who performed an immaculate swim-dive while plunging to his death from a high cliff? Is it perhaps because we have been anesthetized by Alvarez's wit? Is it that he is callous and hardened us too?

Then we come to the longer section of the book, "a study of suicide and literature, not suicide in literature," which takes us from Dante and the Middle Ages to John Donne and the Renaissance; Cowper, Chatterton and the age of reason; the romantic age; the transition to the 20th century; dada; suicide as art; and the post-modernist crisis brought on by the death of God as well as the death of meaningful death. The study is a brilliant, highly original, and entertaining approach to literary history, even if on the tedious side, as Alvarez himself admits the peregrine suicidal longings to be the "dirty little secret" of almost every great writer he treats; it reminds one of the days when everyone from Shakespeare to Hemingway was rumored to be secretly homosexual.

But what is he getting at? We begin to wonder. Is this just another excuse for the critic to perform—a decadent approach undertaken for the sake of novelty? Is it all of a piece with the schoolboy cruelty of the physics-teacher story, the exploitation of Sylvia Plath, and the learned witness over history's outcast souls?

No, it is not. For in the end Mr. Alvarez recoups his fortune. First of all he concludes his literary survey with a compelling theory on the future of serious art. And in the very center of his post-modernist aesthetics he places none other than Sylvia Plath (along with Robert Lowell, Ted Hughes, and John Berryman—whose own suicide precipitated the completion of this book), which has the effect of drawing that opening reminiscence of the doomed poet into the center of the book's profound concerns.

And finally—at last—just where its impact is most shocking—Alvarez relates the harrowing circumstances of his own failed attempt at suicide—his own passage from youth into middle age, his own desperate struggle in the clutch of the Savage God. This explains whatever is left that may need explaining; it is the falling of the long-awaited other footstep; and quite suddenly, as surely as a bird of prey hurrying out of the eye of the sun, it alchemizes the book into the very art it has gone to such pains to describe.

Mr. Lehmann-Haupt is a book reviewer for The New York Times.

CROSSWORD PUZZLE

Edited by WILL WENG

STEPQUOTE—By Eugene T. Maleska

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20

21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40

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121 122 123 124 125 126 127 128 129 130 131 132 133 134 135 136 137 138 139 140

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DOWN

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13 Curdial

14 Bohem or Jaenine

15 Apart

16 Eastwoods

17 Network

18 Golden or dog's

19 Coats, etc.

20 None present

21 Flaccid

22 Straight man

23 Kind of salad

24 Disfigured

25 Antilles

26 Hide — hair

27 Latin pronoun

28 Gentle best

29 Episcopacy

30 Stepnote part

31 Supper: noun

32 Flaccid

33 Fute up

34 Yes, indeed

35 Told-year deer: Brit.

36 Transfer design

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Rangers Take 3-0 NHL Playoff Lead Over Black Hawks

By Gerald Eskenazi

NEW YORK, April 21 (UPI).—While Wally Tschuck was manhandling the Chicago Black Hawks, three of his lesser-known teammates took care of the scoring last night as the Rangers gained a commanding 3-0 lead in the Stanley Cup best-of-seven series with a 3-0 victory at Madison Square Garden.

Bruins Crush Blues to Lead Series by 2-0

BOSTON, April 21 (UPI).—The St. Louis Blues were routed by the Boston Bruins, 10-2, last night in the second game of a semifinal Stanley Cup playoff series.

The Bruins, who mastered the Blues during the regular season in winning four games, losing one and tying the other, put the game out of reach in the first period.

Boston's first-place finishers in the East Division scored three times in the opening 20 minutes, added two more goals in the middle session, then bombed the Blues in the final period by adding five more goals.

By winning against the five-year-old National Hockey League expansion club, the Bruins gained a 2-0 edge in the four-of-seven-game series.

The Bruins received a three-goal game from left wing John Bucyk and Ace Bailey scored a goal and assisted on three others to match Bucyk's 4-point night. The also got an assist.

The 10 goals by the Bruins equaled their playoff record, set in a 10-0 victory over Toronto in April, 1969. The record of 11 was set by the Montreal Canadiens, also against the Maple Leafs, in 1944.

NHL Playoffs

Thursday's Results: New York 3 (Edmonton, MacGregor, Roloff), Chicago 2 (D. Hull 2). Game 3 of best-of-seven series, 7-0. Boston 10 (Bucyk 3, Bailey 3, Roloff 2, Bailey 2, MacGregor, Roloff), St. Louis 2 (Murphy, Roberts). Bruins lead best-of-seven series, 2-0.

U.S. Trackmen to Prep for Munich in Oslo 'Little Olympics'

NEW YORK, April 21 (UPI).—An elaborate training sequence designed to sharpen the U.S. men's track and field team for the Munich Olympics has been approved by the United States Olympic Committee.

The program will include optional, informal training periods in Oregon and Maine in middle and late July and a major invitation meet Aug. 2-3 in Oslo, less than one month before the start of the Olympics.

Robert Giegengack, chairman of the men's track and field committee, confirmed that the board of directors of the USOC was unanimous in its support of the program, which would send the

Swiss Six Are Last

PRAGUE, April 21 (AP).—West Germany beat Switzerland, 1-1, today in the World Ice Hockey championships, relegating the Swiss to the group B tournament next year. Switzerland finished last in the six-team event with a 1-6 won-loss record.

West Germany won 2-0, Czechoslovakia beat defending champion Russia last night to clinch first place.

Orioles Nip Tigers on Blair Blast

By Neil Amdur

WASHINGTON, April 21 (UPI).—The Baltimore Orioles and Detroit Tigers got only five hits between them last night, but one was Paul Blair's home run to give the Orioles a 1-0 victory in major league baseball action last night.

Blair's fourth-inning homer—one of two hits Baltimore collected off Tom Timmerman in eight innings—backed the three-hit pitching of Pat Dobson and led the Orioles past Detroit in Baltimore.

The victory was the fourth in five starts for the defending American League champions.

Dobson, winning his second straight game, gave up only three singles while striking out three and walking none. Two of the Tigers' hits were by Aurelio Rodriguez.

Dodgers 11, Braves 1

In the National League, Los Angeles exploded for six runs on seven consecutive second-inning singles and Claudesteen hurled a seven-hit game.

The Dodgers, unleashing an 18-hit attack at Atlanta, jumped in front 2-0, in the first inning on run-producing singles by Willie Davis and Wes Parker.

Pharos 7, Cubs 5

Al Oliver's sixth-inning double scored Dave Cash to snap a tie and Pittsburgh, aided by some shoddy Chicago fielding, went on to triumph, 7-5, at home.

The Pirates, who had scored two runs in the third inning, broke a 3-3 tie when Glen Beckert dropped Cash's bloop in short right field for a single with two out in the sixth.

The Pirates wrapped up the game with three more runs in the seventh, including the first home run of the season by Willie Stargell, who led the major league last year with 48.

Ellis got the victory with ninth-inning relief help from Dave Giusti.

Meanwhile, the Cubs announced they have acquired right-hander Tom Phoebus, 30, from the San Diego Padres for cash.

A minor league player to be named later. Phoebus had a 4-11 won-loss record with a 4.47 earned-run average with San Diego last year.

Giants 2, Padres 1

Willie Mays and Bobby Bonds each drove in a run in the fifth inning to give San Francisco a 2-1 victory over San Diego and give Sudden Sam McDowell his second straight National League victory.

McDowell, who was taken out after five innings, had his victory preserved by relievers Jim Bary and Jerry Johnson. The right-hander pitched scoreless ball and struck out seven, hitting his

major league career streakout total to 2,170, second highest for active pitchers, and moved him past Camilo Pascual into 18th place on the all-time list.

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HITTING AWAY—The demolition of Crosley Field, former home of the Cincinnati Reds, began Wednesday with a hole being knocked in the right-field wall through an emblem painted in 1969 to commemorate baseball's 100th anniversary. An industrial park will be built on the site.

Nicklaus Ties for 3d With 70

Green, Dickinson Share Lead In Champions' Golf With 68s

RANCHO LA COSTA, Calif., April 21 (UPI).—Hubert Green, who applauded himself on occasion, and Garner Dickinson, who almost missed a shot when a bee alighted on his ball, shared the first-round lead yesterday in the Tournament of Champions Golf Tournament with Gilchrist.

Green, a 25-year-old Birmingham, Ala., professional, was making his first start in the affluent event for an exclusive field of 26. He scored a 34 on each half of the La Costa Country Club Course, where the rough was so thick that at the 18th hole

marshals had to get down on their knees in a search for a ball that Arnold Palmer hit.

Dickinson, one of the oldest eligible at 44 years of age, had the lowest nine-hole total of the day with a 32 on the front nine. On the par-4 18th, a bee landed on his ball as he was about to swing with a No. 3 iron for a second shot.

Nicklaus, the Masters winner

and the pre-tourney favorite in this \$165,000 event, trailed by two strokes at 70 along with Bruce Crampton and Jerry Heard.

Entrants in the tournament are limited to those who have won on the pro circuit during the past fiscal year.

Nicklaus was paired with Lee Trevino, but the Texan, after a 37 to the turn, finished with 75, chiefly because of inferior play around the greens.

Palmer sailed out in two under par or 34, but then needed 40 coming back with 65 at the 17th and 18th holes.

First-round leaders

Gardner Dickinson 34-36-68
Hubert Green 34-34-68
Jack Nicklaus 35-34-70
Bruce Crampton 35-35-70
Jerry Heard 35-35-70
Dale R. Davis 35-35-70
Bob Rosburg 35-35-70
Bobby Mitchell 35-35-70
Steve Barber 35-35-70
Dick Green 35-35-70
Slate Travis 35-35-70
Tom Weiskopf 35-35-70
Frank Stricker 35-35-70
Arnold Palmer 34-40-74

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